

Dive into Performance Data Investigator

Morten Buur Rasmussen
IBM i Lab Services Performance Specialist

Morten.buur.rasmussen@dk.ibm.com

i-UG Conference June 2019



Sponsors of International i-Power 2019











































Agenda



- IBM i Performance Tools
- Introduction to wait accounting
- Using PDI (and Tips)
- Suggested starting points
- PDI Navigation and Features
- Introduction to performance analysis using PDI
- References

IBM i Tools





IBM i is an industry leader in the area of performance management and tools

- Unparalleled performance metrics
- Data Collection Services that are constantly active
- Rich graphical viewing of performance data

Performance Instrumentation



■ The IBM i Advantage



- IBM develops the OS software stack, top to bottom
 - Ability to instrument the software to maintain performance metrics
 - Performance metrics are component-specific
- IBM develops the performance data collectors that harvest those performance metrics
- IBM i has an <u>integrated database</u> Db2
 - Performance data is stored in the database automatically
- Analysis tools mine the performance data in the Db2 files using SQL and present data in a meaningful fashion
 - PDI, iDoctor
- Strong connections between support, service and development teams
 - Customers and Business Partners as well!



Performance Data Collectors





- IBM i has four primary system/job level data collectors:
 - Collection Services

Job Watcher

Disk Watcher

Performance Explorer (PEX)

All collectors included in base operating system!

IBM Graphical Analysis Tools





IBM provides two powerful tools to aid in making your analysis more efficient and productive:

- Performance Data Investigator
- IBM iDoctor for IBM i

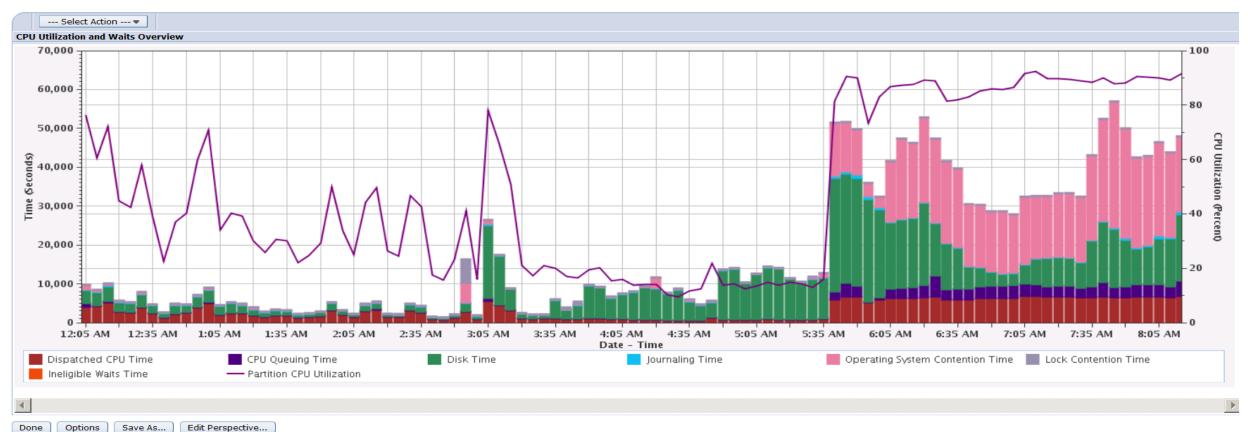
Both solutions support data analysis (varying degrees) for the 4 collectors:

- Collection Services
- Job Watcher
- Disk Watcher
- Performance Explorer (PEX)

Performance Data Investigator (PDI)



- Browser (web) based solution
- Integrated as part of IBM i OS
- Included in IBM i Systems Management console "IBM Navigator for i" (6.1)

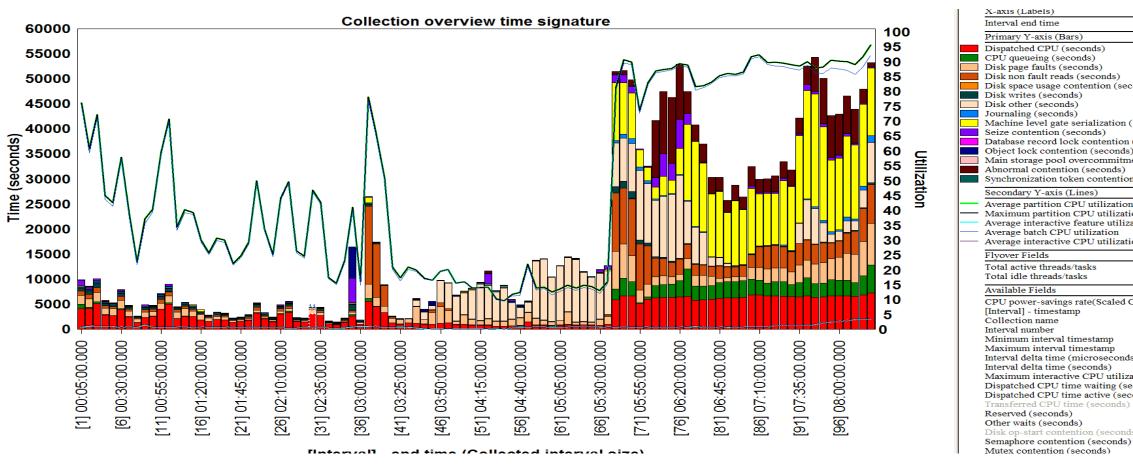


© 2019 IBM Corporation

IBM iDoctor for IBM i



- Microsoft Windows based client
- Service/Support offering
- Deep Job Watcher and PEX analysis capability



X-axis (Labels) Interval end time Primary Y-axis (Bars) Dispatched CPU (seconds) CPU queueing (seconds) Disk page faults (seconds) Disk non fault reads (seconds) Disk space usage contention (seconds) Disk writes (seconds) Disk other (seconds) Journaling (seconds) Machine level gate serialization (secon Seize contention (seconds) Database record lock contention (secon Object lock contention (seconds) Main storage pool overcommitment (se Abnormal contention (seconds) Synchronization token contention (second Secondary Y-axis (Lines) Average partition CPU utilization Maximum partition CPU utilization Average interactive feature utilization Average batch CPU utilization Average interactive CPU utilization Flyover Fields Total active threads/tasks Total idle threads/tasks Available Fields CPU power-savings rate(Scaled CPU: I [Interval] - timestamp Collection name Interval number Minimum interval timestamp Maximum interval timestamp Interval delta time (microseconds) Interval delta time (seconds) Maximum interactive CPU utilization Dispatched CPU time waiting (seconds Dispatched CPU time active (seconds) Transferred CPU time (seconds) Reserved (seconds) Other waits (seconds) Disk op-start contention (seconds)

Graphical Analysis Tools



- Tools are similar in nature, but are not equivalent in function.
- Both tools built on top of the rich instrumentation of metrics that IBM i has available
- Both tools continue to be enhanced by IBM
- Both tools valuable to customers and IBM'ers worldwide for performance management as well as aiding with solving performance problems.

Graphical Analysis Tools



- You have two graphical interfaces for performance data analysis...
 - Which is right for you?

Feature	iDoctor	PDI	
Interface	Windows client	Browser	
Wait Analysis	Yes	Yes	
Collection Services	Yes	Yes	
Job Watcher	Yes (In-depth)	Yes	
Disk Watcher	Yes	Yes	
Performance Explorer	Yes (In-depth)	Profile collections only	
Level of analysis provided	Deep Basic to Medium		
Job Watcher Monitors (Built -in)	Yes No		
User Defined graphs and queries	Yes	Yes	
Update Frequency	Quarterly	Twice Yearly	
Support	Email idoctor@us.ibm.com	Standard SWMA	
Yearly license for each component (by serial number) Job Watcher —Includes Job Watcher, Collection Services Investigator, and Disk Watcher PEX Analyzer		 Collection Services & Health Indicators at no additional charge with i Disk Watcher, Database, and Performance Explorer included with base PT1 (Performance Tools LPP) product – Option 1 Manager feature Job Watcher is an additional option of PT1 and has an additional charge - Option 3 Job Watcher 	
DS8K graphs & VIOS Investigator	Yes	No	
Multinational language support	No	Yes	



Let's get started using PDI.....





PDI is found in IBM Navigator for i

- IBM Navigator for i is the strategic console for managing IBM i
 - Has much of the function as System i Navigator + more
 - But with a browser user interface
 - Integrated
 - Part of Base Operating System (SS1 Option 3)
 - Simply point your browser to http://systemname:2001



IBM Navigator for i – Browser support



Latest versions of:

Mozilla Firefox



Google Chrome



Apple Safari



• Microsoft Edge



Note: Internet Explorer no longer supported

For additional browser information, refer to:

https://www.ibm.com/developerworks/community/wikis/home?lang=en#!/wiki/IBM%20i%20Technology%20Updates/page/Browser%20tips







Unexpected results could be browser related. Example problems are....

- Hung charts
- Empty tables
- Clear your browser cache after installing the PTFs
 - Then close/restart browser
- Review your browser security settings to allow pop-up exceptions
 - For details see the following web page:
 https://www.ibm.com/developerworks/mydeveloperworks/wikis/home?lang=en#/wiki/
 i/IBM%20i%20Technology%20Updates/page/Browser%20Tips
- In 7.2, a warning will appear if using unsupported browser:



Browser Support tips





(2 of 2)

- Close unneeded tabs in Navigator session
 - Tasks in tabs consume resources and may cause performance degradation if too many are open



• Do *not* use PF-5 to Refresh a panel, instead use Refresh button found on Navigator panels

Pre-requisites for Navigator (1 of 2)



Everything is included on the V6R1 and later IBM i operating system!

✓ Product install requirements:



	IBM i 7.3	IBM i 7.2	IBM i 7.1	IBM i 6.1
HTTP Server	5770DG1	5770DG1	5770DG1	5761DG1
- JDK	5770JV1	5770JV1	5770JV132 bit	5761JV1 option 8
Java ** Note new requirement for 64-bit JDK (Spring 2016) - JSE	5770JV1 option 15 (Java SE 7 64-bit) - not Java SE 8 at this time	5761JV1 option 12 (Java SE 6 64-bit) or 5761JV1 option 15 (Java SE 7 64-bit)		
- IBM Toolbox for Java		5770SS1 option 3	5770SS1 option 3	5761JC1
Performance Tools group	5770PT1	5770PT1	5770PT1	5761PT1
Database				
Host Servers	5770SS1 option 12	5770SS1 option 12	5770SS1 option 12	5761SS1 option 12
Qshell	5770SS1 option 30	5770SS1 option 30	5770SS1 option 30	5761SS1 option 30
PASE (Portable App Solutions Env)	5760SS1 option 33	5760SS1 option 33	5770SS1 option 33	5761SS1 option 33
Domain Name System	5770SS1 option 31	5770SS1 option 31	5770SS1 option 31	
Digital Certificate Manager	5770SS1 option 34	5770SS1 option 34	5770SS1 option 34	

Note: Other products required for certain functions within IBM Navigator for i





Ensure the HTTP Admin server is running (Qhttpsvr subsystem):

Navigator runs in Admin2 server job (STRTCPSVR SERVER(*HTTP) HTTPSVR(*ADMIN))



- ✓ Recent HTTP Group PTF
- PTFs for all components in Navigator are packaged and delivered as part of the HTTP PTF Groups.
- In addition there are a number of other groups that are needed to ensure that all parts of the navigator interface function properly.

Navigator related Group PTFs



- Fixes and major enhancements to Navigator for i are available in:
 - IBM i 7.3
 - HTTP Server group SF99722
 - Java group SF99725
 - Database group SF99703
 - Performance Tools group SF99723
 - IBM i 7.2
 - HTTP Server group SF99713
 - Java group SF99716
 - Database group SF99702
 - Performance Tools group SF99714
 - IBM i 7.1
 - HTTP Server group SF99368
 - Java group SF99572
 - Database group SF99701
 - Performance Tools group SF99145



Navigator Enhancements are often taken back to previous releases via PTFs

7.4 is GA on June 21. 2019





Tips for Best Performance for Navigator

Note: Navigator will not run fast on a system that is already slow!

- ✓ Ensure no bad DNS entries on the system.
 - http://www-912.ibm.com/s_dir/slkbase.nsf/1ac66549a21402188625680b0002037e/b9e677063f24f859862575ee006b1881
- ✓ Use Application Runtime Expert to validate your environment
 - http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/ibmi/library/i-applicationruntime/index.html
 - Network health checker can be run from QShell:
 /QIBM/ProdData/OS/OSGi/templates/bin/areVerify.sh -network

http://ibmsystemsmag.blogs.com/i_can/2013/09/application-runtime-expert-network-health-checker.html

- ✓ Use the Web Performance Advisor to validate your Web Performance
 - http://pic.dhe.ibm.com/infocenter/iseries/v7r1m0/topic/rzaie/rzaieconwebperfadvisor.htm
- ✓ Keep current on Group PTFs

IBM Navigator for i



- IBM Navigator for i is the Web console for managing IBM i
 - Has much of the function as System i Navigator
 - but with a browser user interface

Simply point your browser to http://systemname:2001

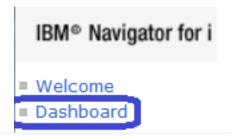


Note: After the release of the **December 2016 HTTP Group PTF** the 2001 port is no longer redirecting to port 2005 by default. Instead 2001 will now only redirect to the **non-secure 2004 port.**

Dashboard



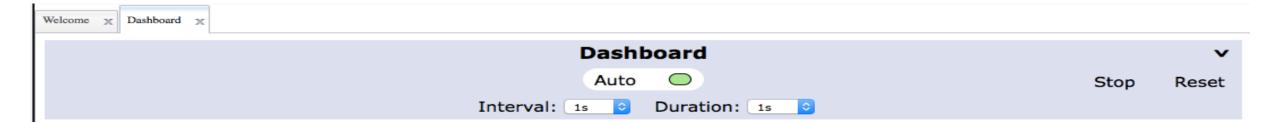
- Task in Navigator
- Also available with iAccess Mobile
- Key metrics updated in real time
- Set thresholds to visualize potential issues

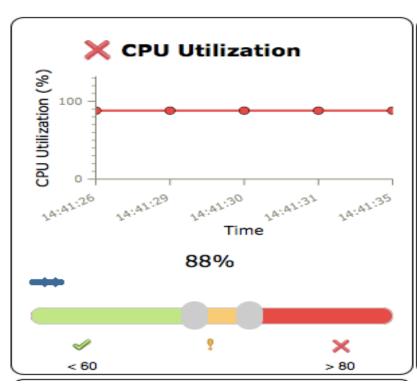


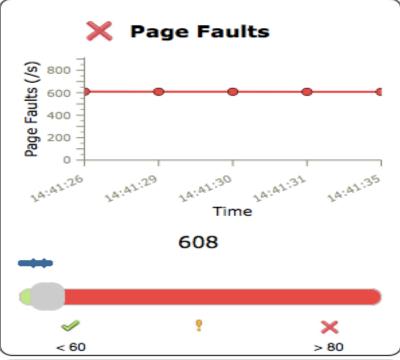


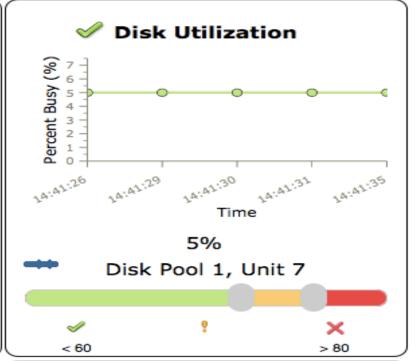
Configurable intervals and thresholds





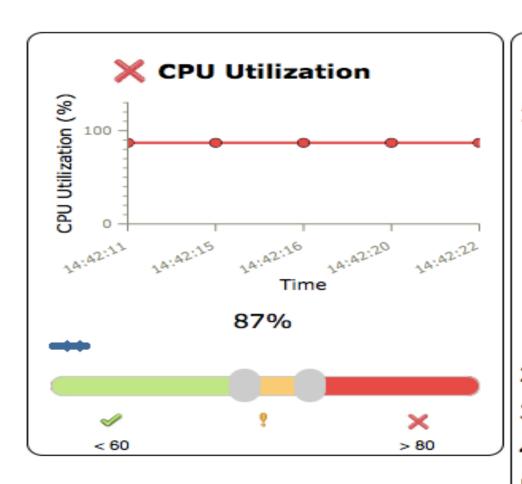


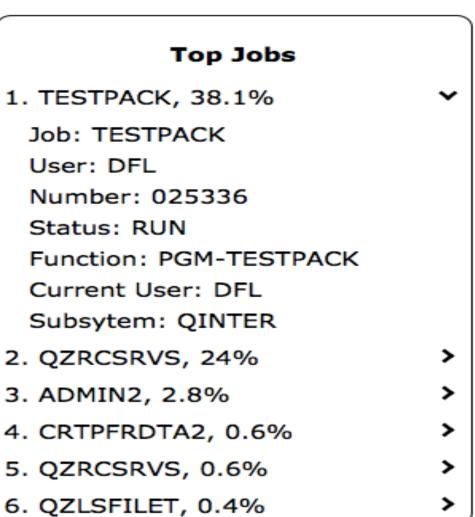




Basic drill-down - CPU Utilization



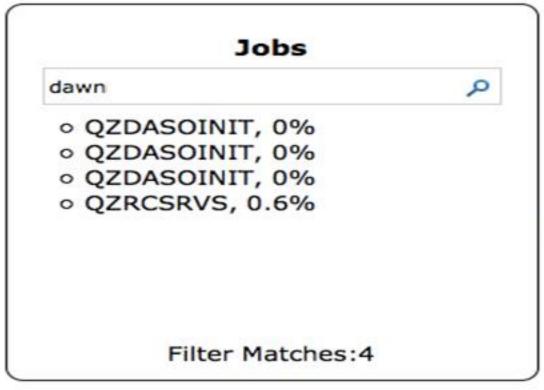


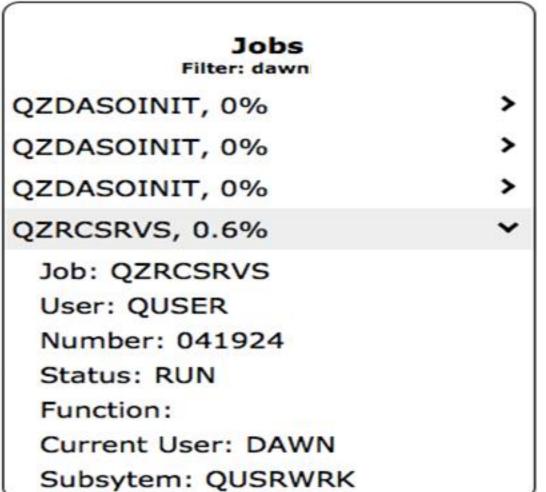


© 2019 IBM Corporation

Jobs - search and drill-down

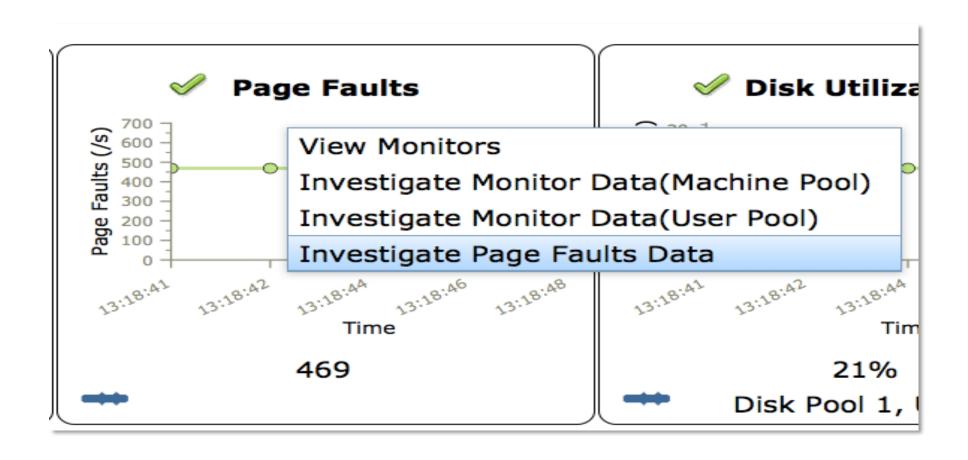












© 2019 IBM Corporation

iAccess Mobile Dashboard



View from your favorite mobile device

- Phone
- Tablet

http://system.name:2001/iamobile



Introduction to Wait Accounting



Performance Fact:

"All computers wait at the same speed"

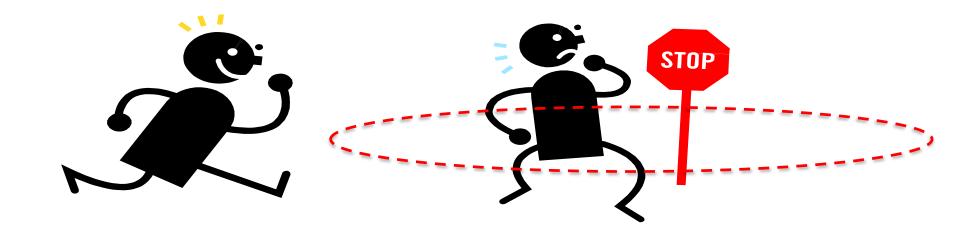


© 2019 IBM Corporation

What is Wait Accounting?



Wait Accounting = the ability to determine what a job is doing when it is not running





xclusive!! Patented IBM i technology built into IBM i

Wait Accounting Overview



- When a job is not running (using CPU), it is waiting
 - But why is it waiting? How long is it waiting? And what is it waiting for?
- Waits may be normal, some waits are not normal
 - Wait Accounting helps to determine what the wait is and if it is a problem
- IBM i has instrumented most of the key wait conditions
 - Wait information is automatically collected by
 Collection Services and Job Watcher



Wait States



- Wait information is tracked (automatically!) for each job, thread and task on system
- A job/thread/task is in one of three states:

Using CPU

• "Dispatched CPU" – Assigned to a virtual processor so it can begin execution of instructions

Waiting for CPU

• "CPU Queuing" – Ready to use processor, but waiting for it to become available

Waiting for something else...

- Idle waits
- Blocked waits

These waits are typically the most interesting waits to focus on





Wait Buckets = "Wait condition groups" instrumented in the operating system.

- Buckets can then be analyzed to determine where a job is spending it's time (running or waiting)
- Categorized into 32 buckets
- Buckets found in both Collection Services and Job Watcher data
- Waits can be viewed at a system-level or at an individual job/thread/task level
 - Can also be grouped by generic job name, subsystem, current user profile, pool ID, etc.



32 Wait Buckets (6.1 and beyond)



- 1. Time dispatched on a CPU
- 2. CPU queuing
- 3. Reserved
- 4. Other waits
- 5. Disk page faults
- 6. Disk non-fault reads
- 7. Disk space usage contention
- 8. Disk operation start contention
- 9. Disk writes
- 10. Disk other
- 11. Journaling
- **12.** Semaphore contention
- 13. Mutex contention
- 14. Machine level gate serialization
- 15. Seize contention
- 16. Database record lock contention
- 17. Object lock contention

- 18. Ineligible waits
- 19. Main storage pool contention
- 20. Classic Java™ user including locks (to 6.1)
 - → (7.2) Journal save while active
- 21. Classic Java JVM (up to 6.1)
- 22. Classic Java other (up to 6.1)
- 23. Reserved
- 24. Socket transmits
- 25. Socket receives
- 26. Socket other
- 27. IFS
- 28. PASE
- 29. Data queue receives
- 30. Idle/waiting for work
- 31. Synchronization Token contention
- 32. Abnormal contention

RED = Blocked Waits

Common Waits that Applications use



- Disk Waits
- Journaling
- Database record locks
- Object locks
- Sockets
- Semaphores, Mutexes, Synchronization Tokens

Wait Accounting – "Run-wait" signature

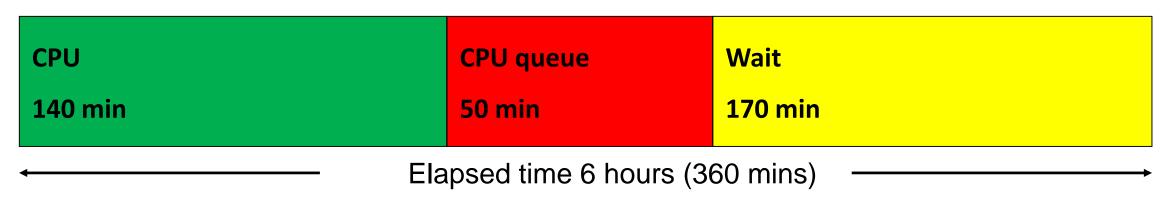


Applying the concepts of wait accounting, we are now able to identify the amount of time the thread/task was running and the time the thread/task was waiting.

Consider the following:

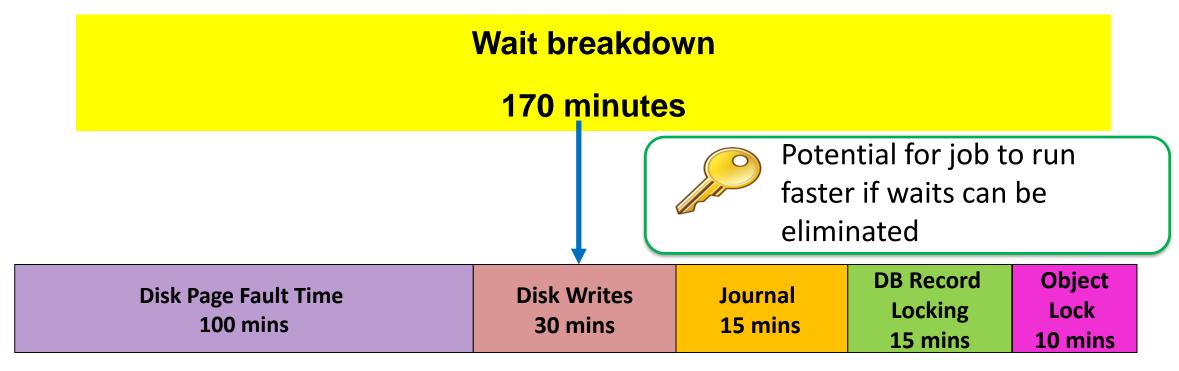
Batch job with total run time of 6 hours

Run-wait signature



Wait Accounting – "Run-wait" signature





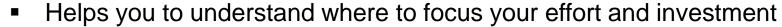
Now you can start asking questions such as:

- Are my pool sizes appropriate? What object(s) is the faulting occurring on?
- Is the write cache being overrun? Is the application forcing writes out synchronously? Excessive database file (opens)/closes?
- Are all the journals optimally configured? Are unnecessary objects being journaled?
- Am I locking records or objects unnecessarily?



Why you should leverage Wait Accounting!!

- Helps you understand both system and application characteristics
 - Is it CPU bound? I/O bound?



- Is there a bottleneck on CPU, memory, I/O, or contention time?
- Invest resources where greatest benefit will be
 - Fixing application vs. adding hardware
- \$\$\$ £££



- Can leverage aspects of wait accounting in test environment
 - Eliminate surprises
 - Identify bottlenecks that prevent scaling
- Provides valuable clues to help analyze performance issues as they arise
- Instrumentation part of base IBM i operating system, IBM tools available to help you analyze



Goals.....

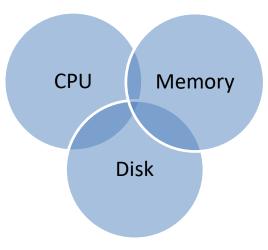


√ Maintain a balanced system

- Adequate processor, memory, and I/O allocated for workloads(s)
- Jobs aren't waiting to use resource
- Don't focus on one and neglect others!





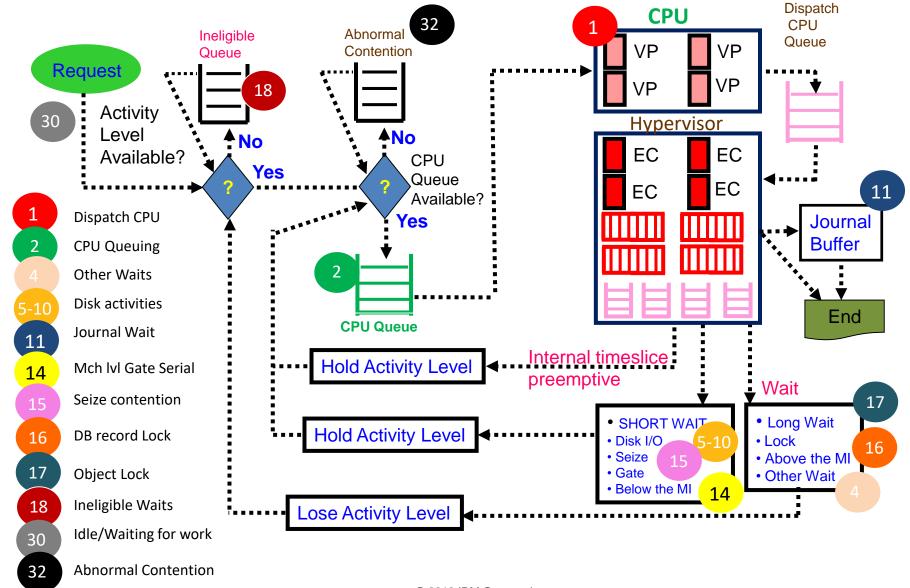


✓ Minimize contention times

Reduce time jobs spend waiting on database record locks, object locks, etc.

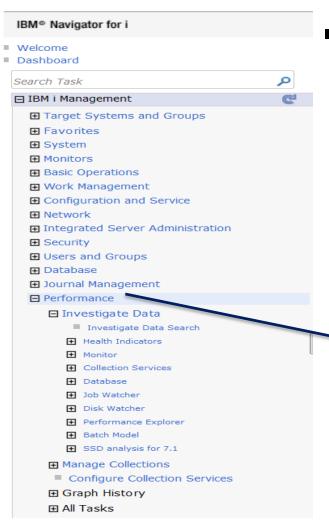
Processing Overview



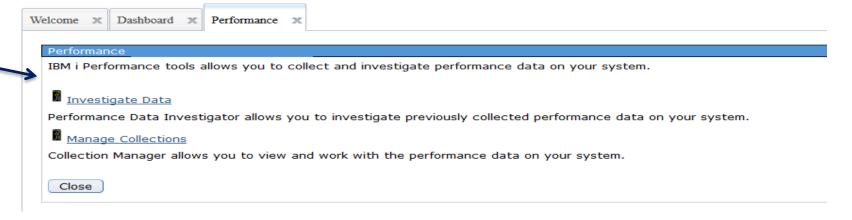


Performance Tasks





- "Performance" is a major function in Navigator
 - Investigate Data = "Performance Data Investigator"
 - Manage Collections
 - And much more!



Packaging: Performance Tools Licensed Program Product



7.2 7.3

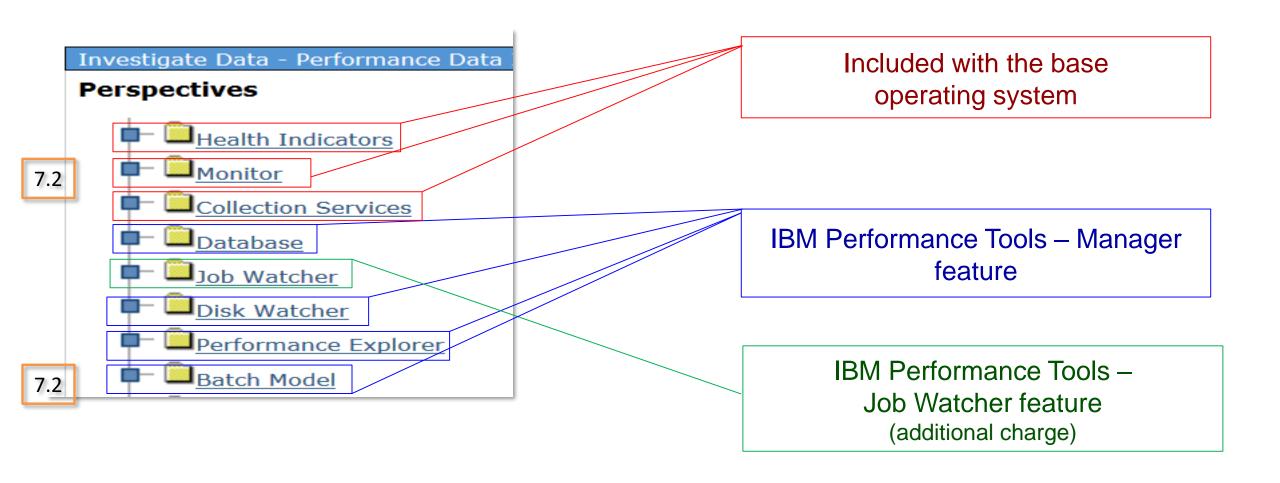
- IBM i for Collection Services, Health Indicators, Monitors, Graph History
- Performance Tools Licensed Program Product (5770PT1 for 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4)
 - Performance Tools Manager Feature (option 1) 7.2
 - Disk Watcher, Performance Explorer, Database, Batch Model
 - Performance Tools Agent Feature
 - Performance Tools Job Watcher (option 3)
 - Job Watcher

Pro	oduct ID	Product Option	Release	Description
	5770PT1	0000	V7R3M0	IBM Performance Tools for i - Base
	5770PT1	0001	V7R3M0	Performance Tools - Manager Feature
	5770PT1	0002	V7R3M0	Performance Tools - Agent Feature
	5770PT1	0003	V7R3M0	Performance Tools - Job Watcher

42

Packaging view in PDI - 7.2 & 7.3



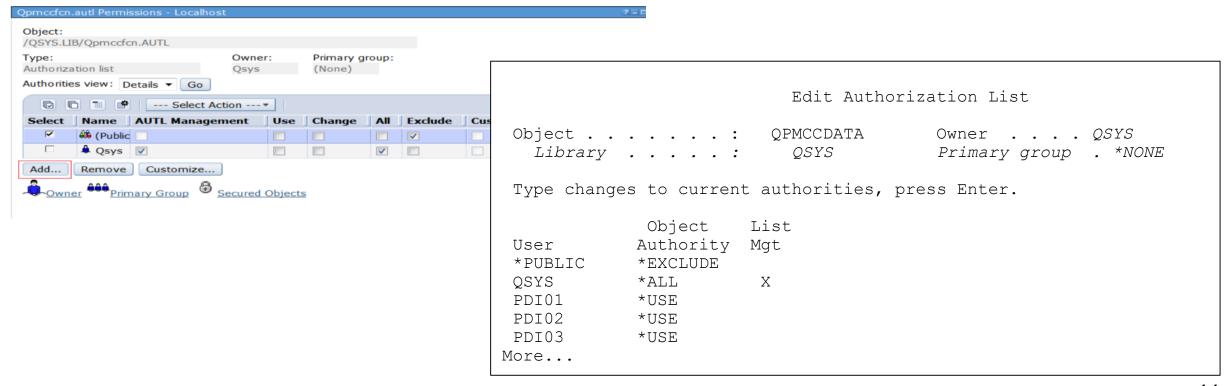


© 2019 IBM Corporation

Prerequisites: Authority



- Users need to be authorized to use the Investigate Data and Manage Collections performance tasks
- Include users on the QPMCCDATA and QPMCCFCN authorization lists
 - Can be done via GUI or green screen

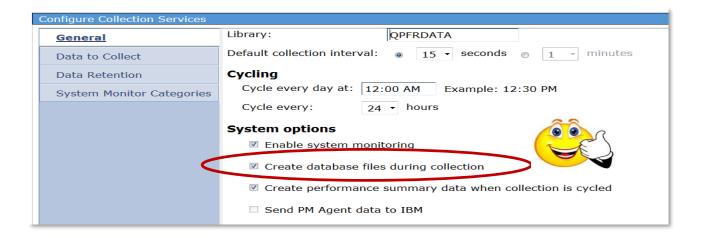






- PDI requires data in the Collection Services DB2 files
 - The default is to create the database files during performance data collection
 - If you have turned this off, you will not be able to view performance data with PDI until the data is created in the files
 - Recommended to leave this setting at the default

Command interface: The "Create Database files" option for the performance collection should be *YES CFGPFRCOL command - CRTDBF (*YES)







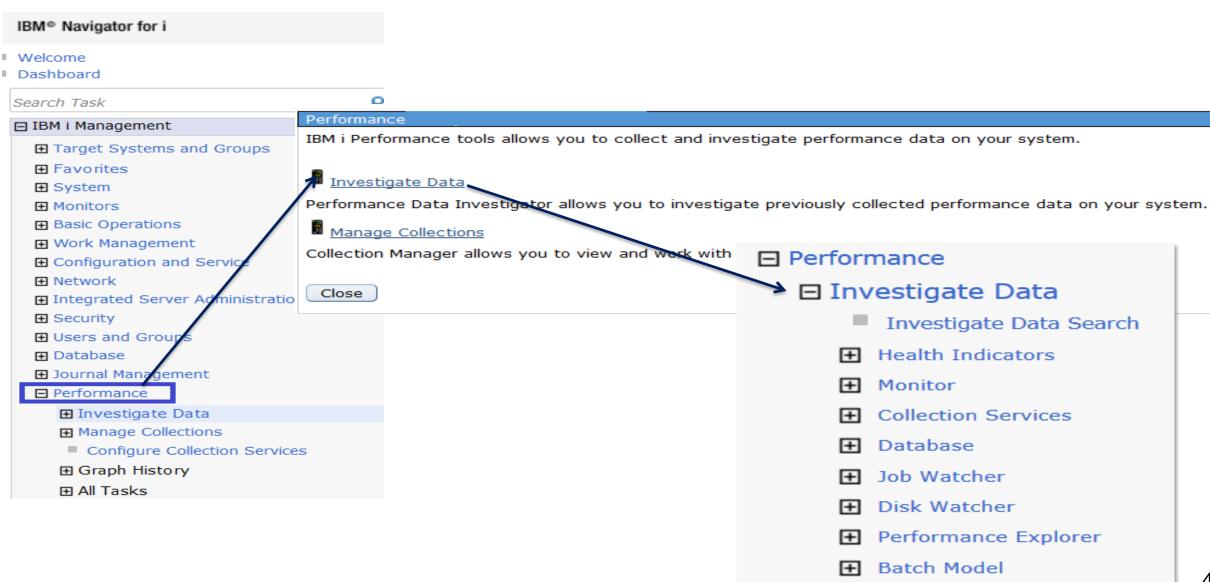
- Collection Services is the foundation for many performance tasks
 - Make sure Collection Services is active (Started by default)





Investigate Data – Navigation Example





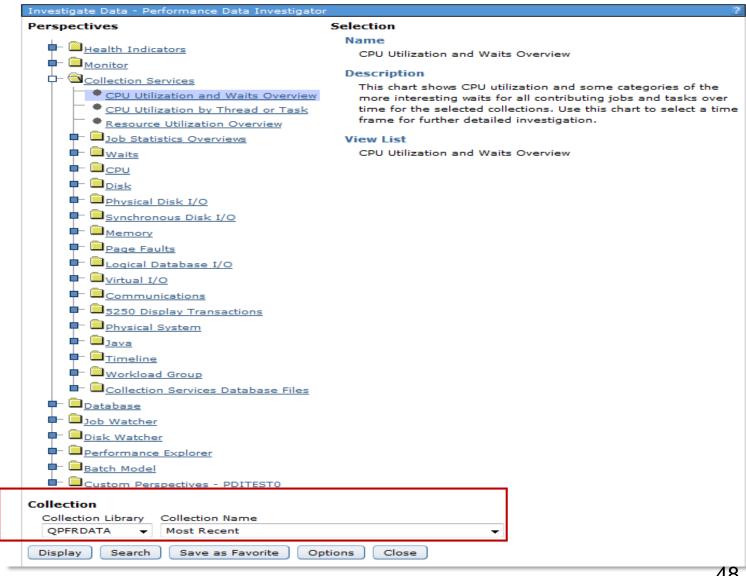
Investigate Data – Select Collection





The Collection boxes allow you to specify which collection you want to work with.

Only collections valid for the type of chart you select will be displayed.

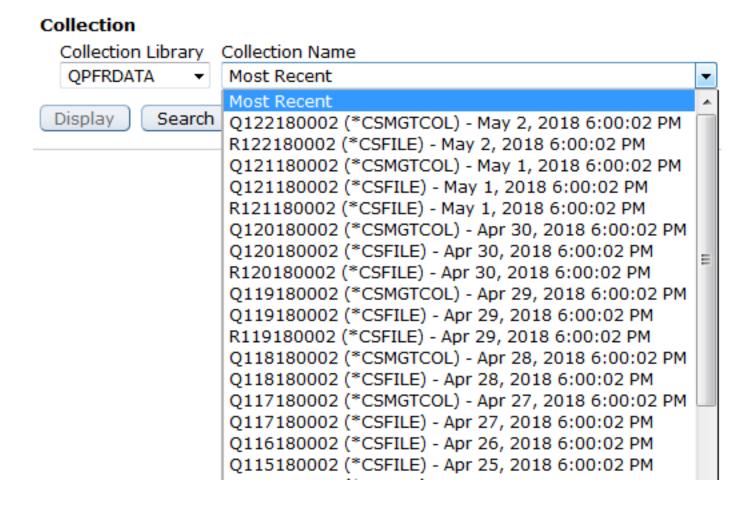


48

Selecting a Collection

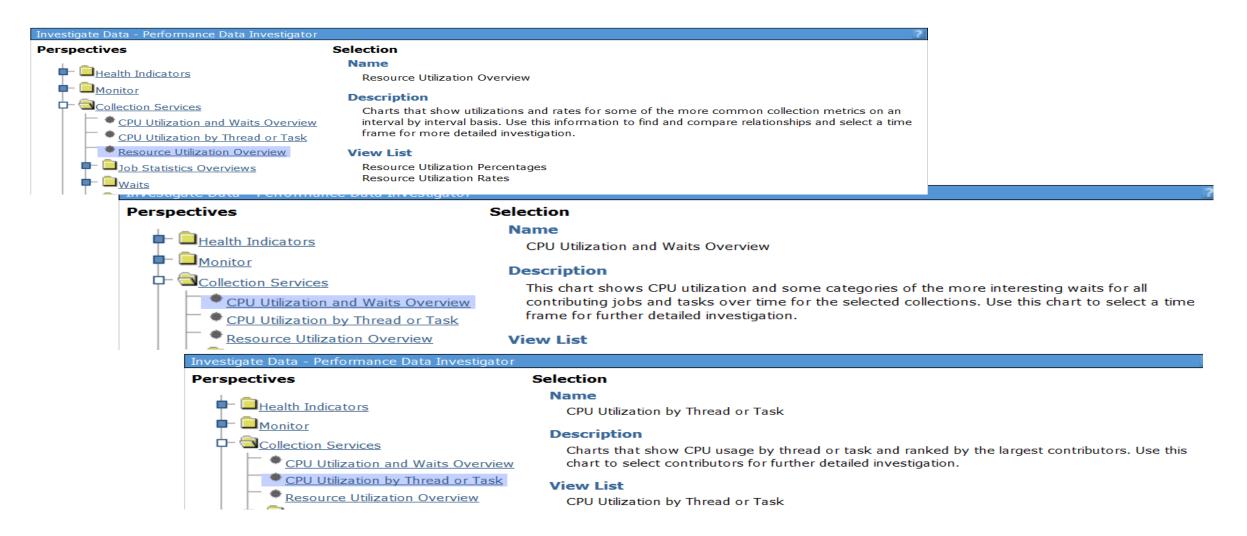


- Collections have the date and time to help you identify the one you are interested in
- Note Q* and R* collections
 - R* collections are *new* in 7.2
 - System monitor data



Suggested Starting Points



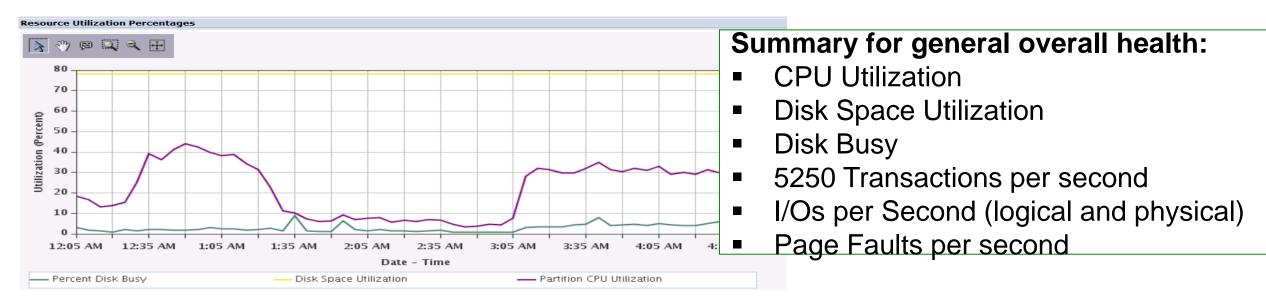


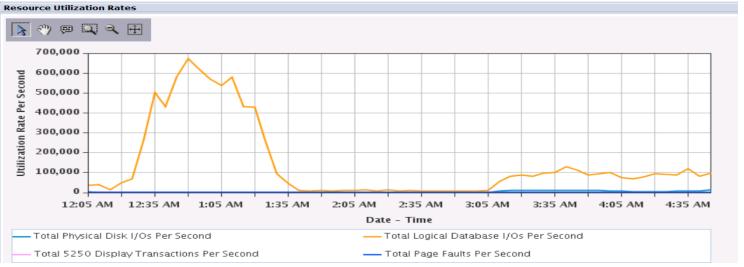
Starting points can depend on goal (monitoring versus problem determination...)

50

Resource Utilization Overview

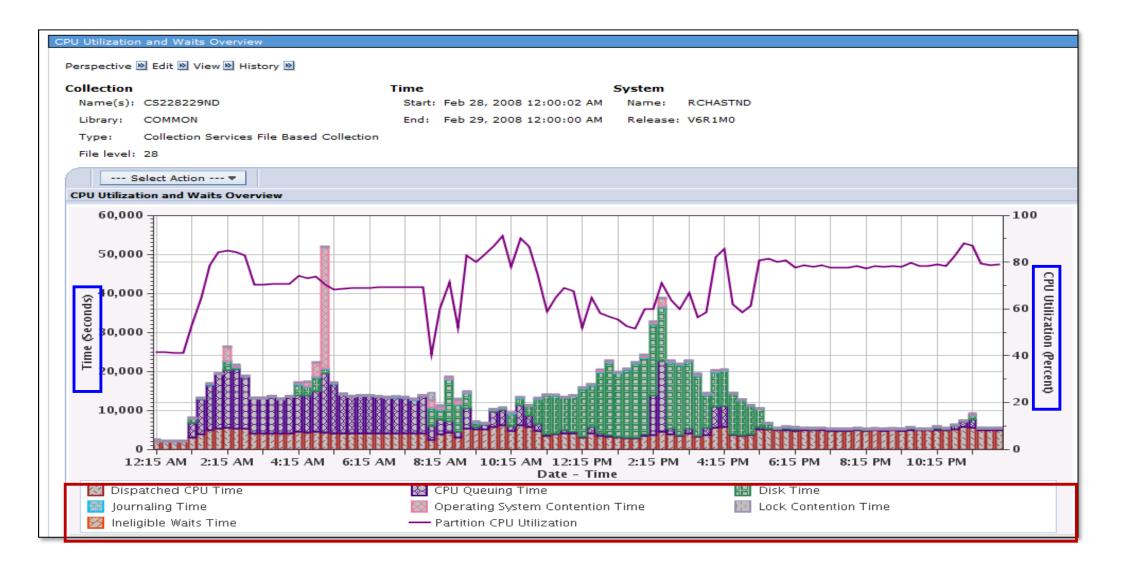






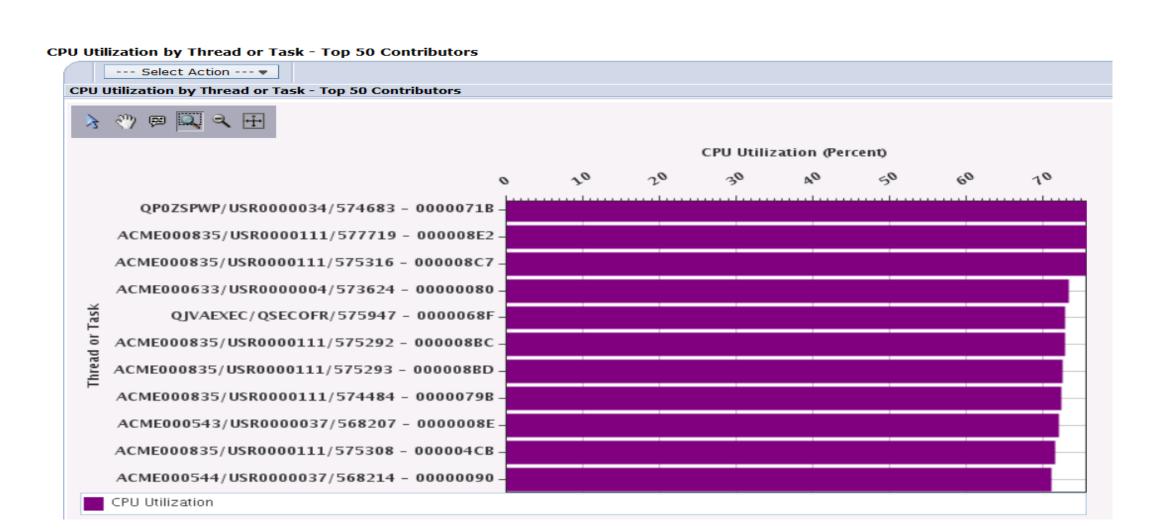






CPU Utilization by Thread or Task

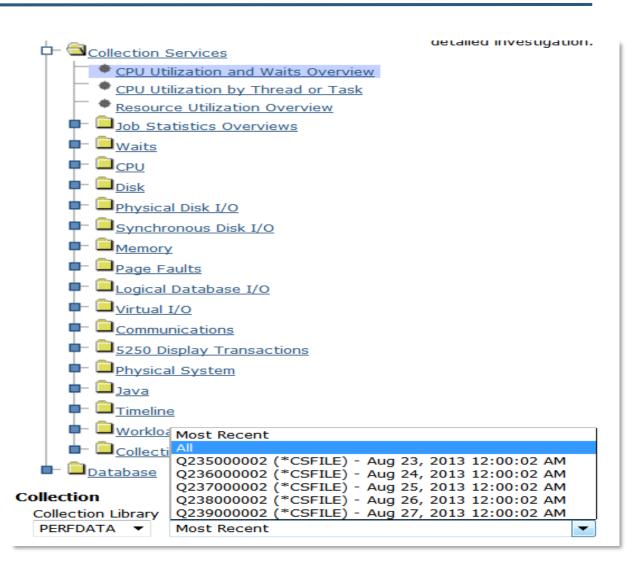




Graphing Multiple Collections



- If your collection library has 5 or fewer collections, an All option is available to display all the collections in one graph
- It will take longer to display the graph
 - Multiple collections means larger queries!
- **Hint**: when the graph appears, you need to use the "reset zoom" tool to display all the data.

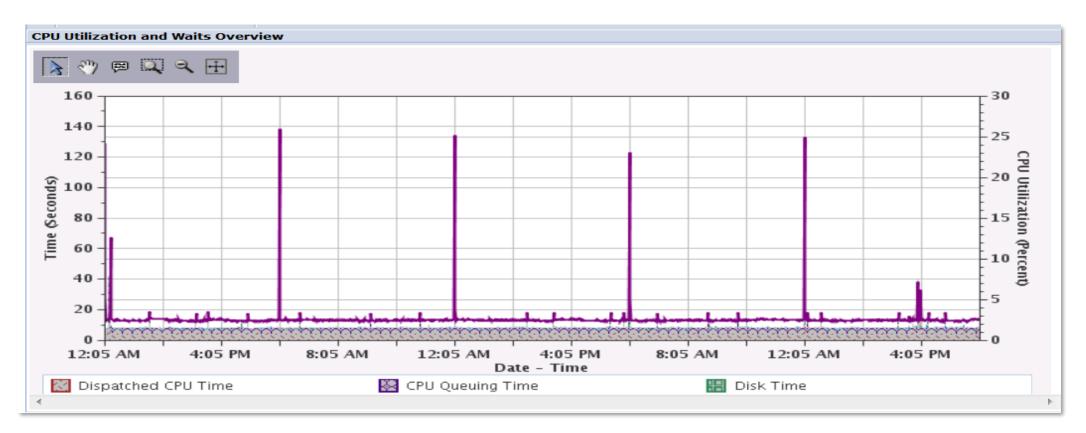






This example shows five days of (fairly uninteresting) Collection Services data

– Do you know what ran each day at midnight?

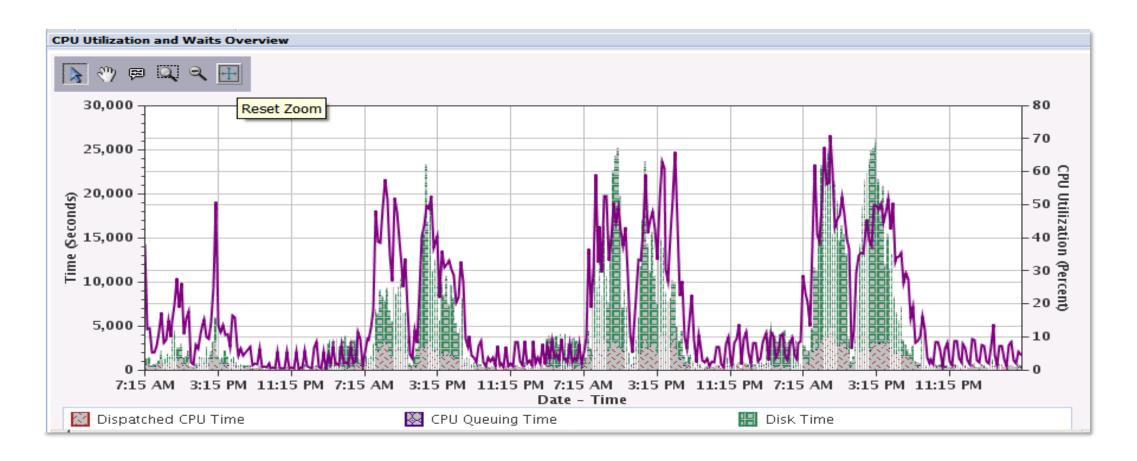






4 days of more interesting performance data.

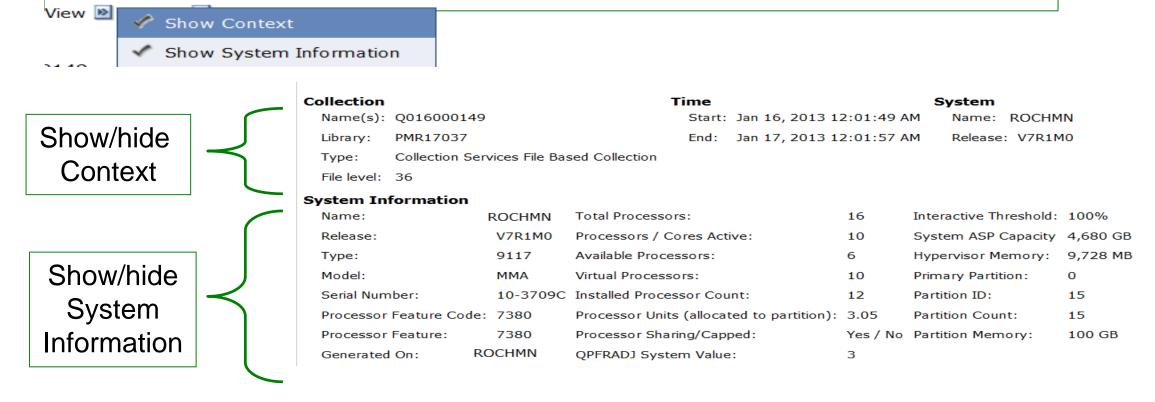
Observe the pattern...





View Collection and System Details

Toggle on/off the detailed information regarding the collection or the system from which the collection originated



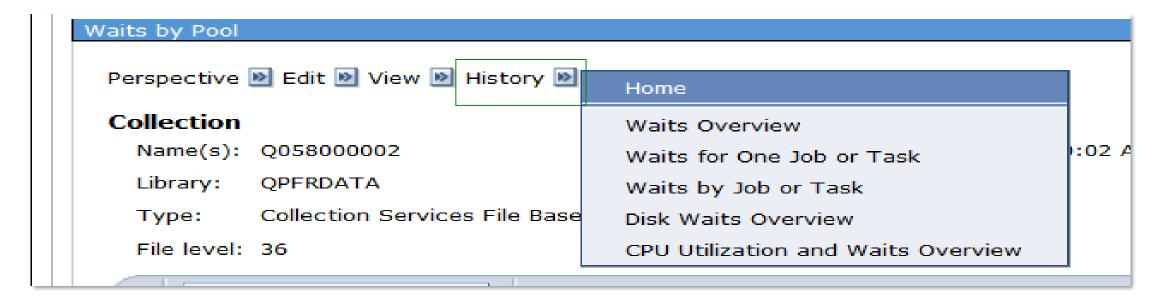
Provides quick access to system information from Collection Services QAPMCONF file for the Collection being viewed

© 2019 IBM Corporation

Navigation History



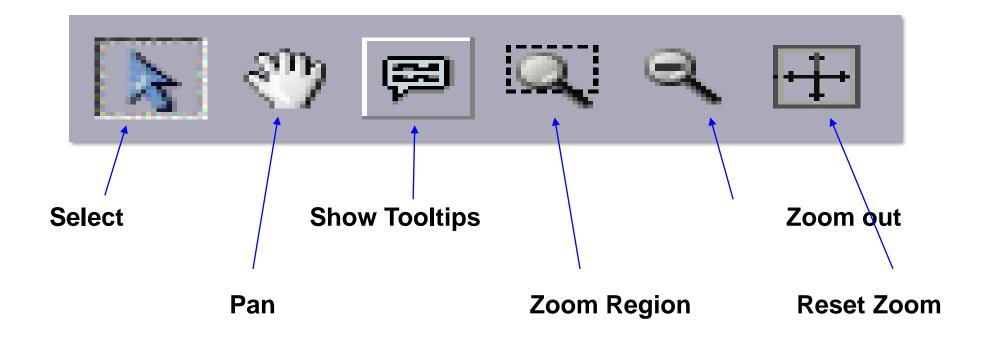
- Keeps track of where you have visited, easy to "back-track"
- Quick way to get back to "Home" (main navigation tree)



58

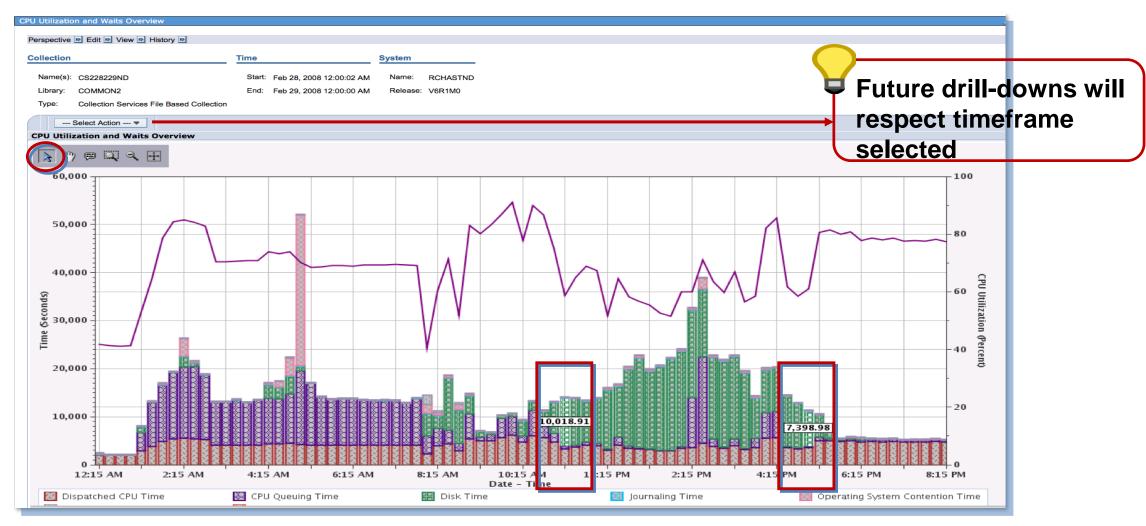
Tools to Interact with the Charts











Use to select data point(s).

© 2019 IBM Corporation



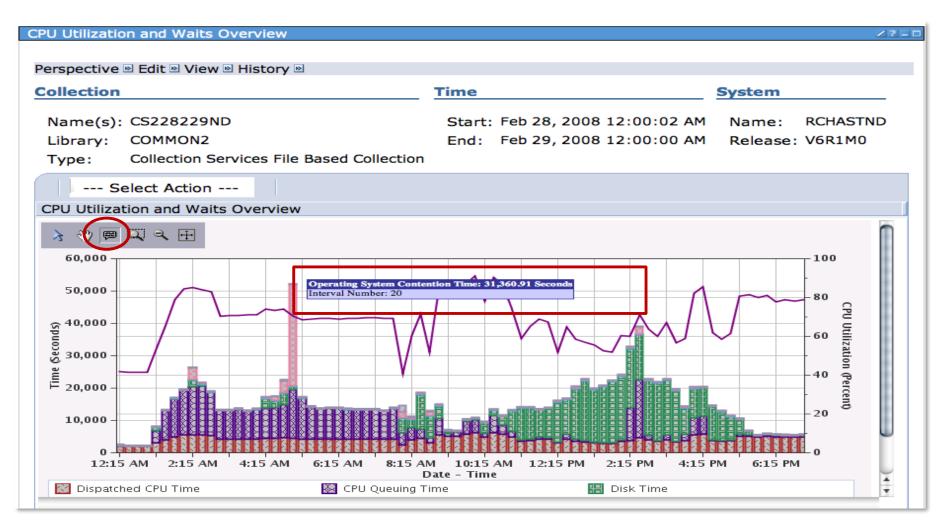




Use to shift chart right or left, up or down.





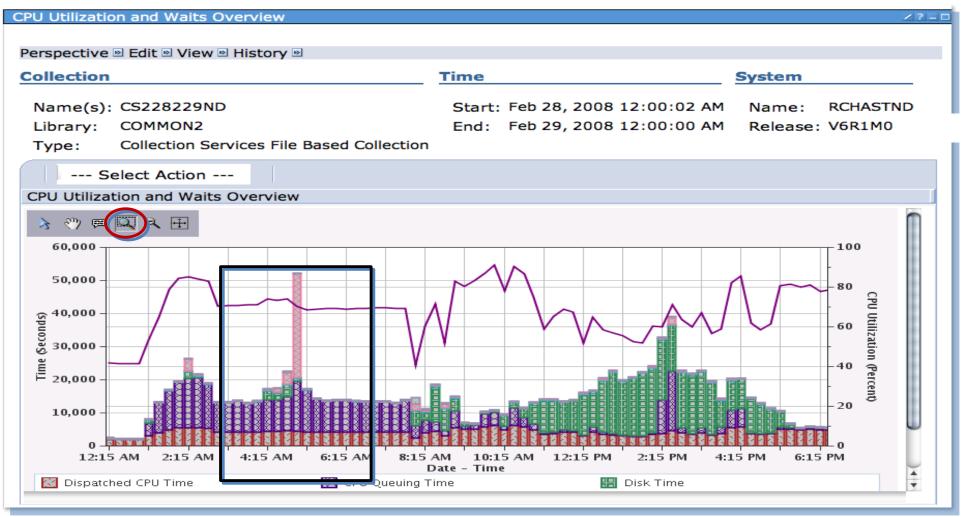


Use to see metric details for interval.

Zoom Region



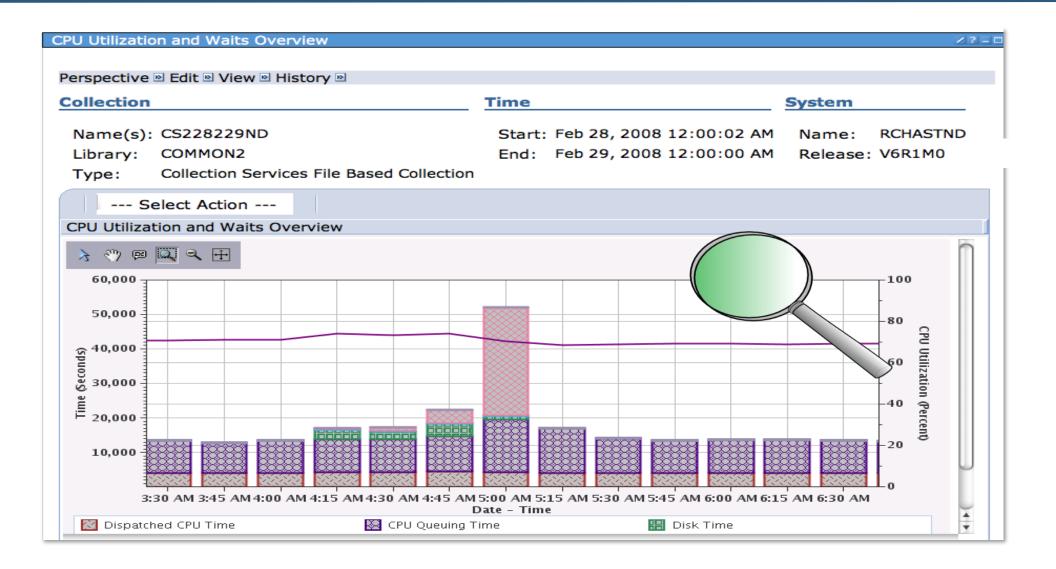




Use to zoom in on a range of data.

Zoom Region Results

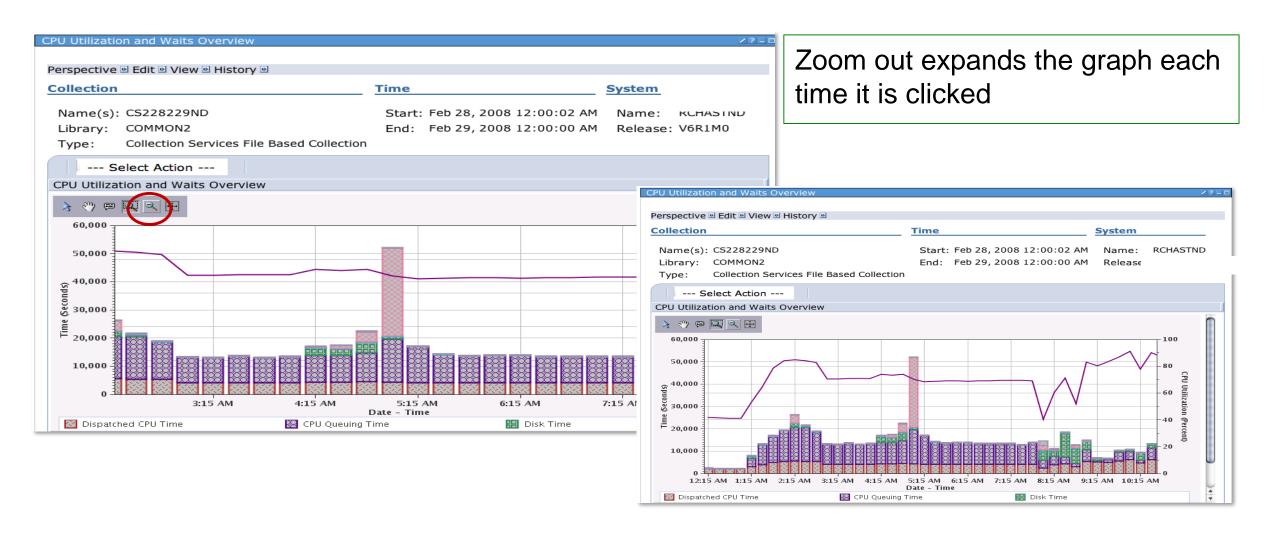




Zoom Out



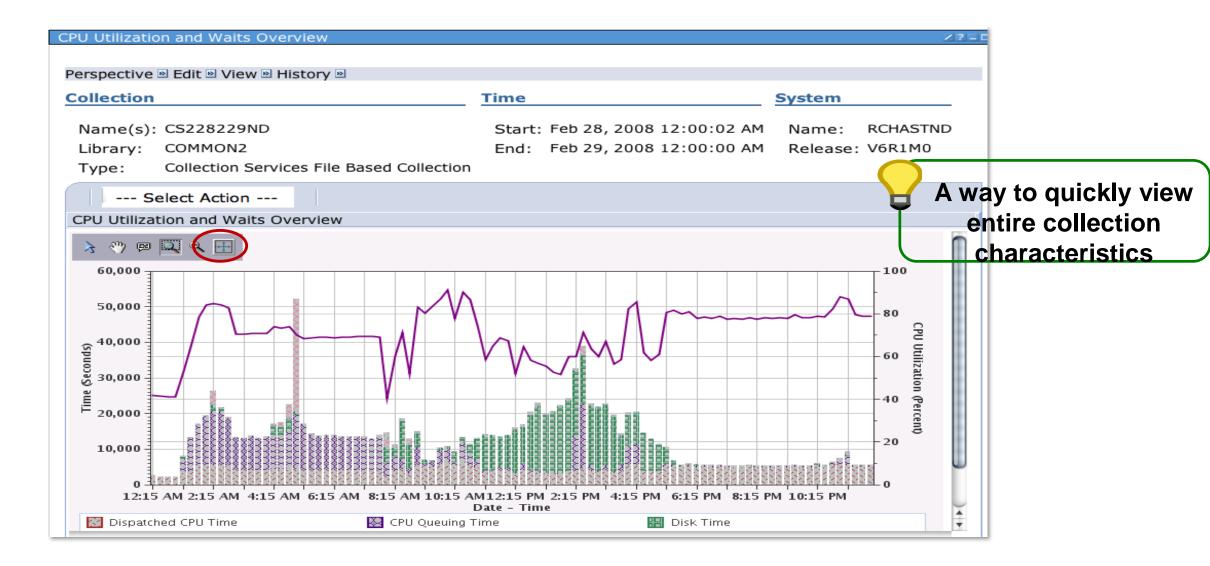




Full Zoom Out

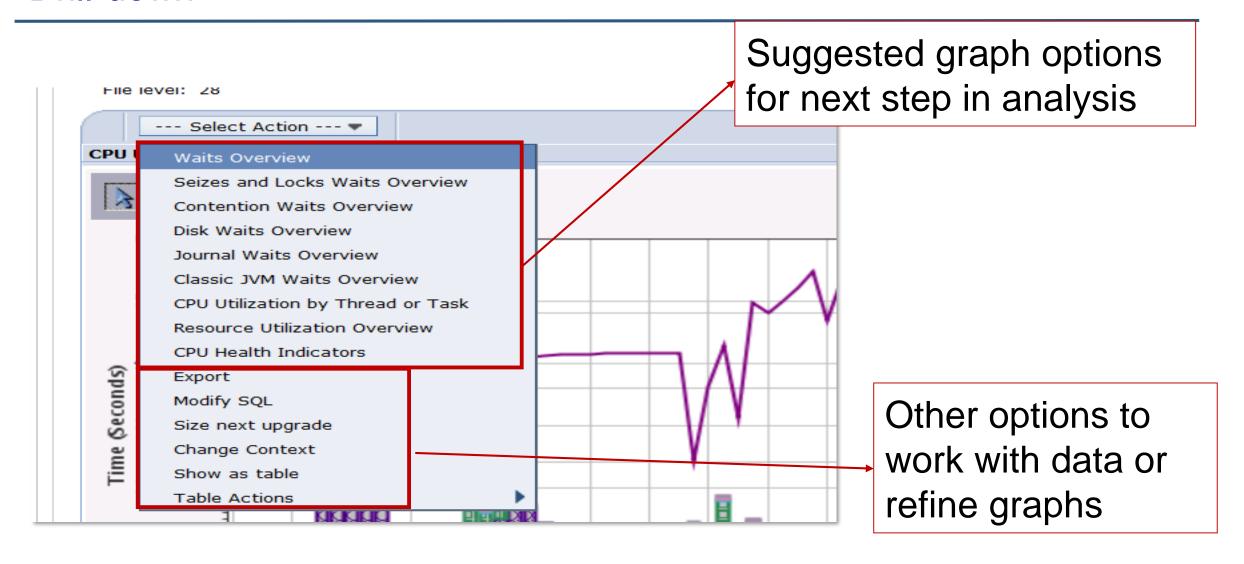






Drill-down

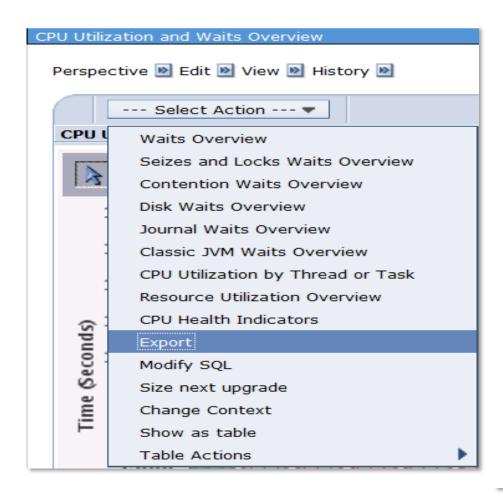


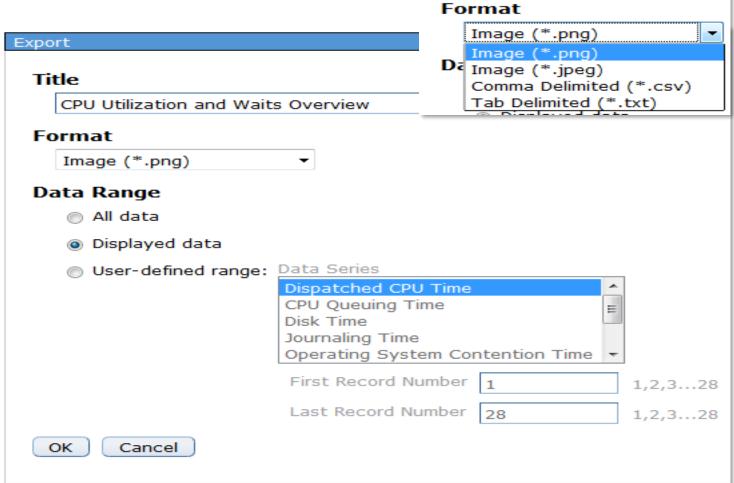


67

Export - *.png, *.jpeg, *.csv, *.txt

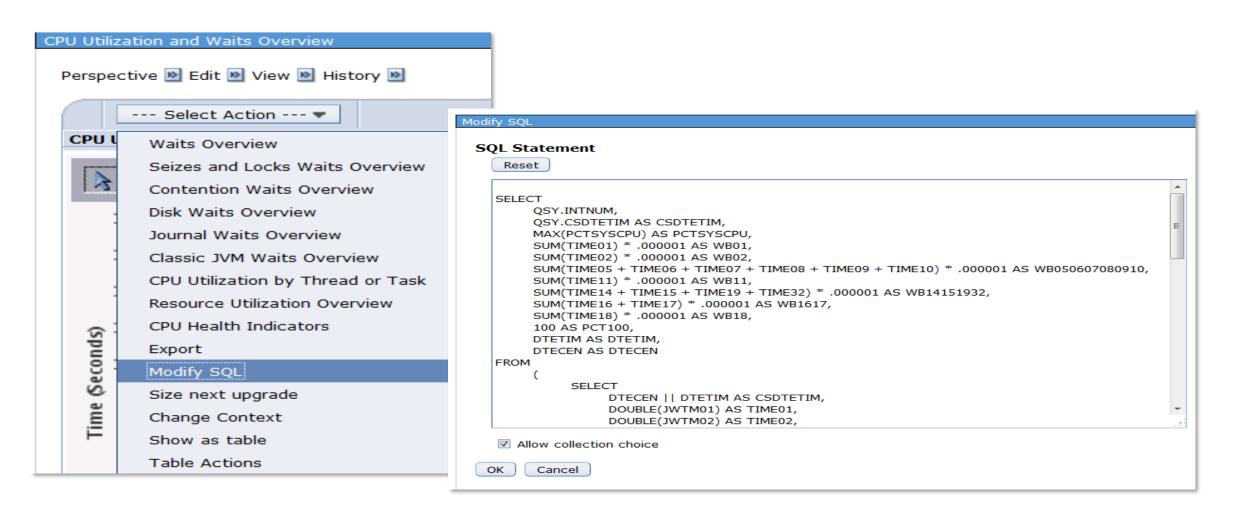






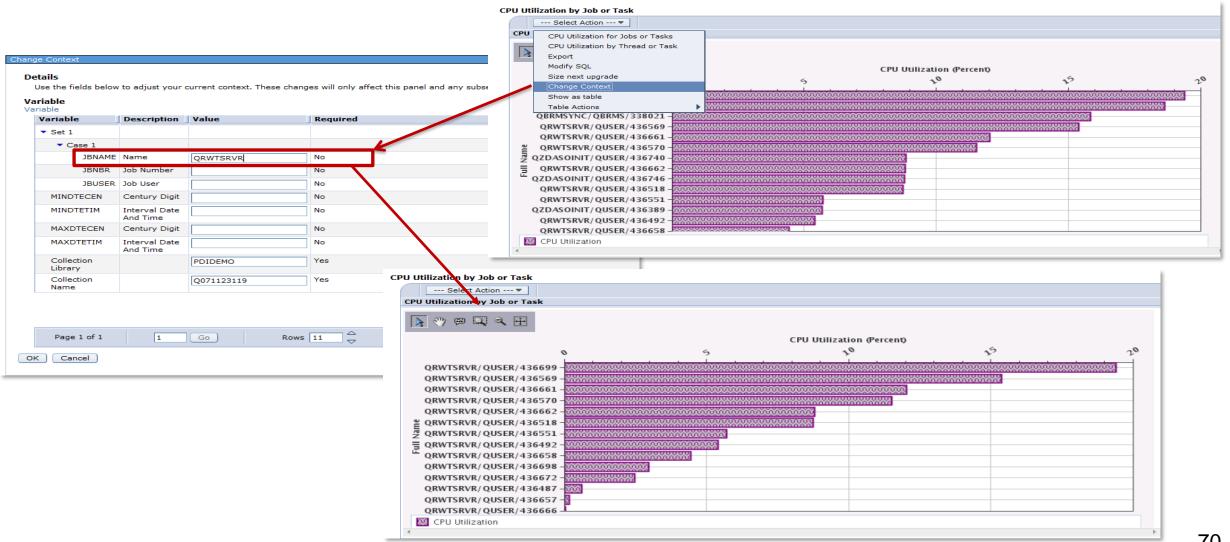
Modify SQL – customize the queries





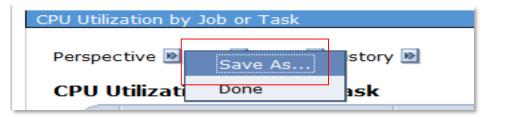


Change Context – What should be included in the graph

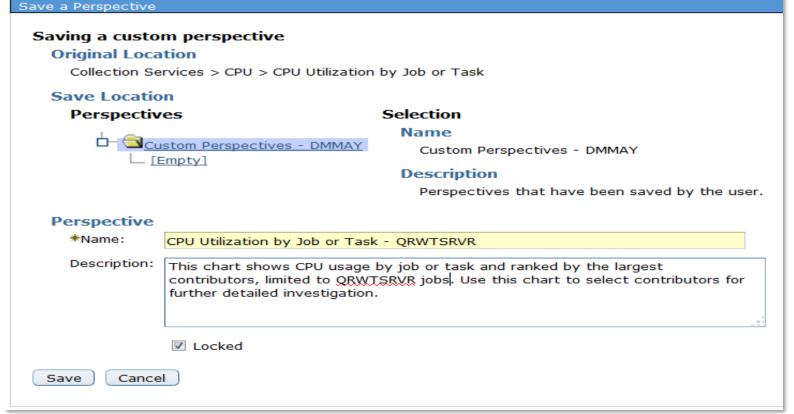






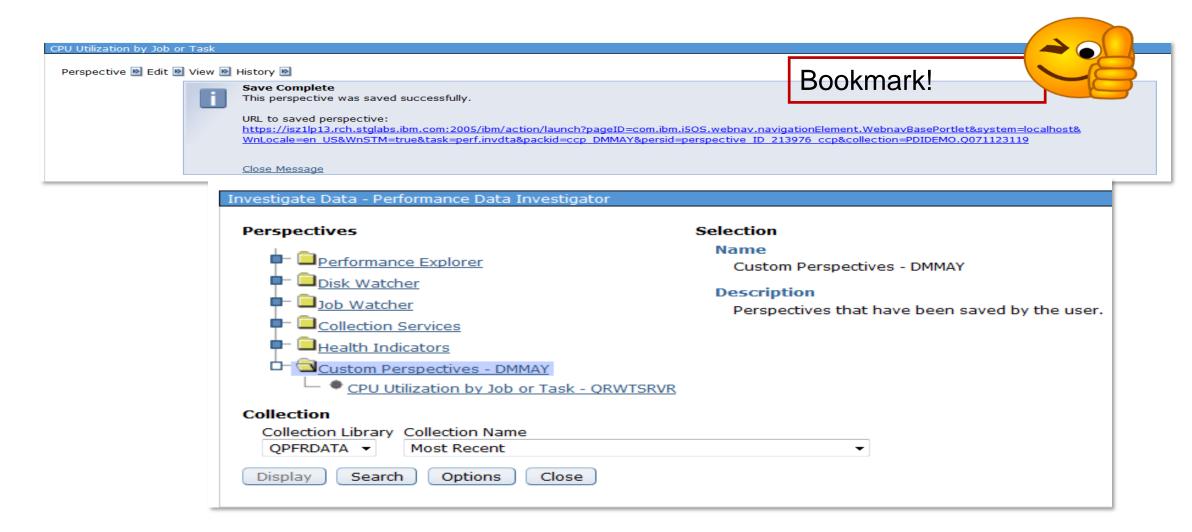


When a table or chart is modified, you can save that table or chart for your own custom perspective using "Save As..."



Perspective → Save As

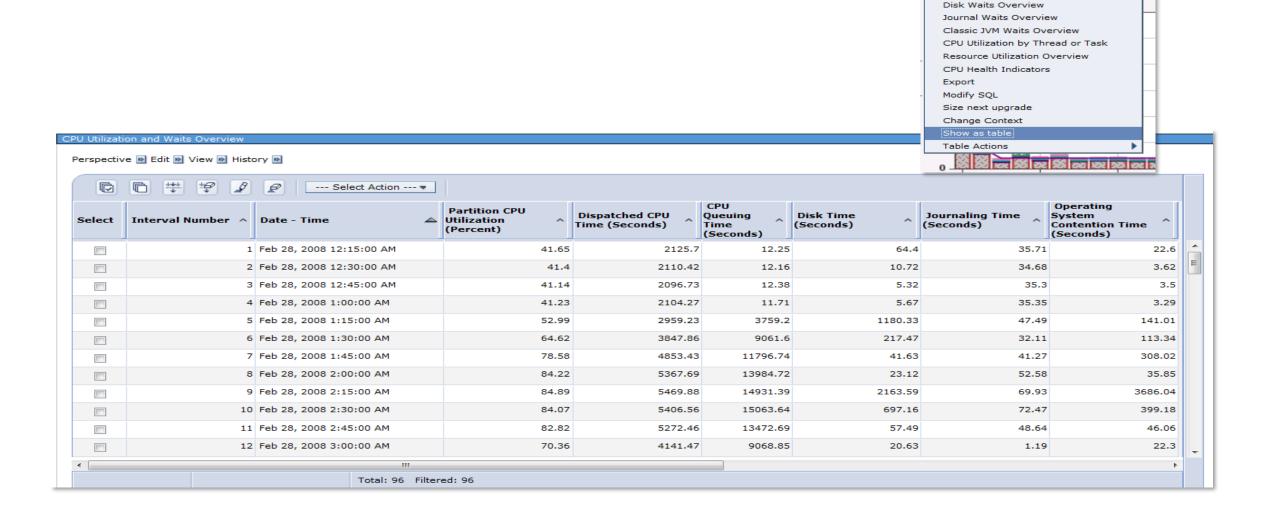




© 2019 IBM Corporation







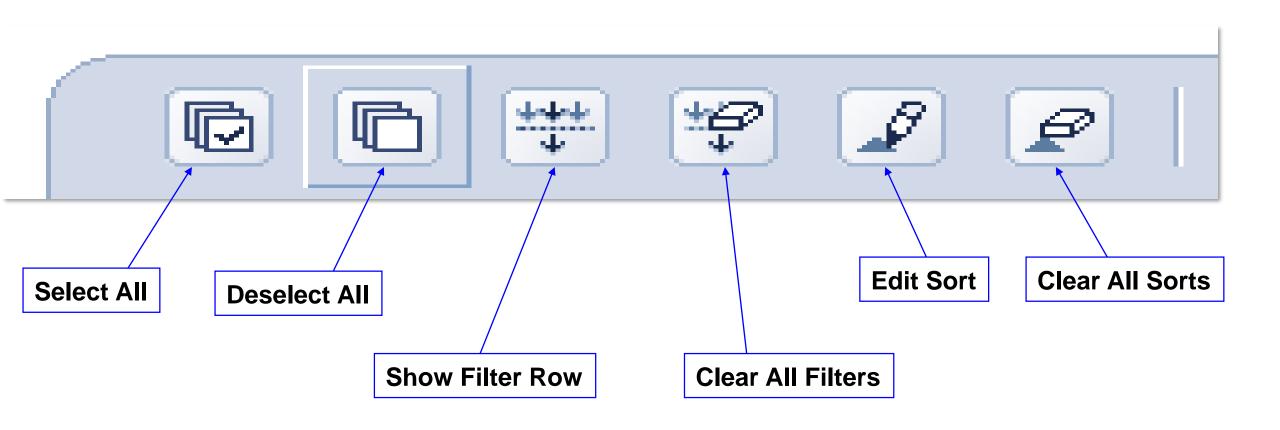
© 2019 IBM Corporation

--- Select Action --- ▼
Waits Overview

Seizes and Locks Waits Overview
Contention Waits Overview

Table Features

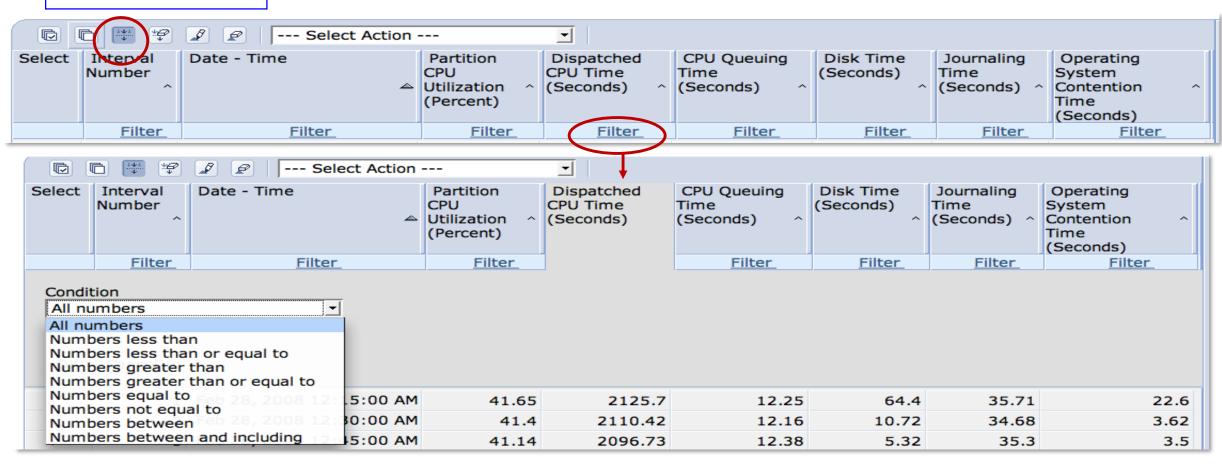




Filtering



Show Filter Row



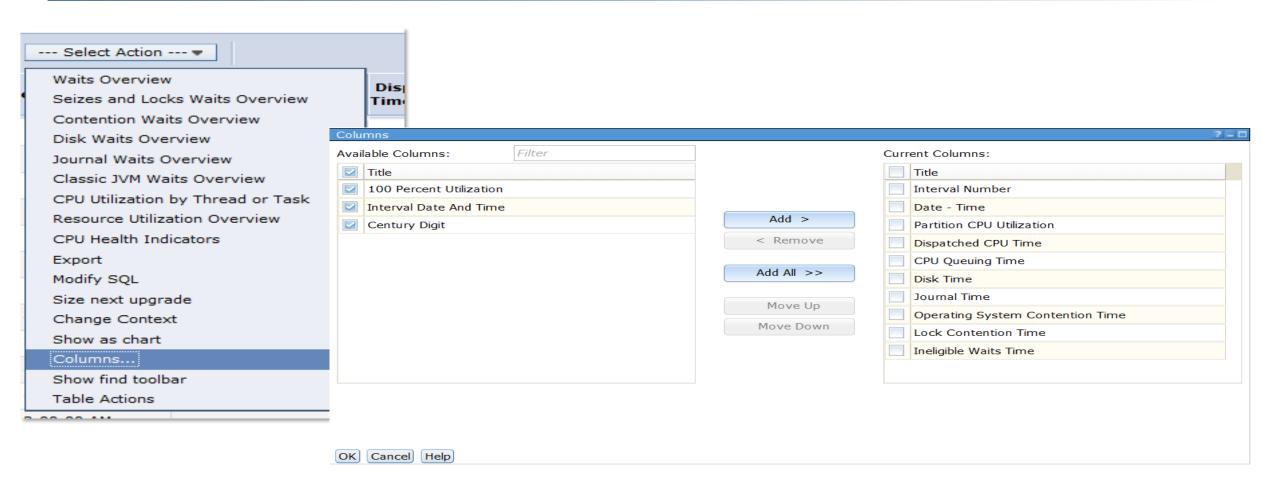
Sorting



© □ ₩ ♥ ✓ ✓ Select Action	<u>-</u>					
elect Interval Number	Partition CPU Utilization (Percent) ^	Dispatched CPU Time (Seconds)	CPU Queuing Time (Seconds) ^	Disk Time (Seconds)	Journaling Time (Seconds)	Opera Systen Conter Time (Secor
First Sort						
Date - Time	▼ Ascending ▼					
Second Sort						
	→ Ascending →					
Third Sort	_,					
	→ Ascending →					
OK Cancel						
OK I CONCE						
Interval Number Date - Time						
Date - Time Partition CPU Utilization (Percent) 12:15:00 A	M 41.65	2125.7	12.25	64.4	35.71	
Date - Time Partition CPU Utilization (Percent) Dispatched CPU Time (Seconds)	M 41.65 M 41.4	2125.7 2110.42	12.25 12.16	64.4 10.72	35.71 34.68	
Date - Time Partition CPU Utilization (Percent) Dispatched CPU Time (Seconds) CPU Queuing Time (Seconds)						
Date - Time Partition CPU Utilization (Percent) Dispatched CPU Time (Seconds) CPU Queuing Time (Seconds) Disk Time (Seconds) Journaling Time (Seconds)	M 41.4 M 41.14 M 41.23	2110.42	12.16	10.72	34.68	
Date - Time Partition CPU Utilization (Percent) Dispatched CPU Time (Seconds) CPU Queuing Time (Seconds) Disk Time (Seconds) Journaling Time (Seconds) Operating System Contention Time (Seconds)	M 41.4 M 41.14 M 41.23	2110.42 2096.73	12.16 12.38	10.72 5.32	34.68 35.3	
Date - Time Partition CPU Utilization (Percent) Dispatched CPU Time (Seconds) CPU Queuing Time (Seconds) Disk Time (Seconds) Journaling Time (Seconds) Operating System Contention Time (Seconds) Lock Contention Time (Seconds) Ineligible Waits Time (Seconds)	M 41.4 M 41.14 M 41.23	2110.42 2096.73 2104.27 2959.23	12.16 12.38 11.71 3759.2	10.72 5.32 5.67 1180.33	34.68 35.3 35.35	
Date - Time Partition CPU Utilization (Percent) Dispatched CPU Time (Seconds) CPU Queuing Time (Seconds) Disk Time (Seconds)	41.4 41.14 41.23 52.99	2110.42 2096.73 2104.27	12.16 12.38 11.71	10.72 5.32 5.67	34.68 35.3 35.35 47.49	

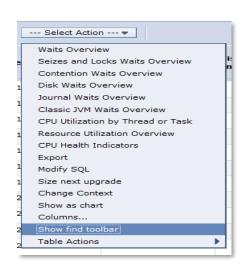
Columns....











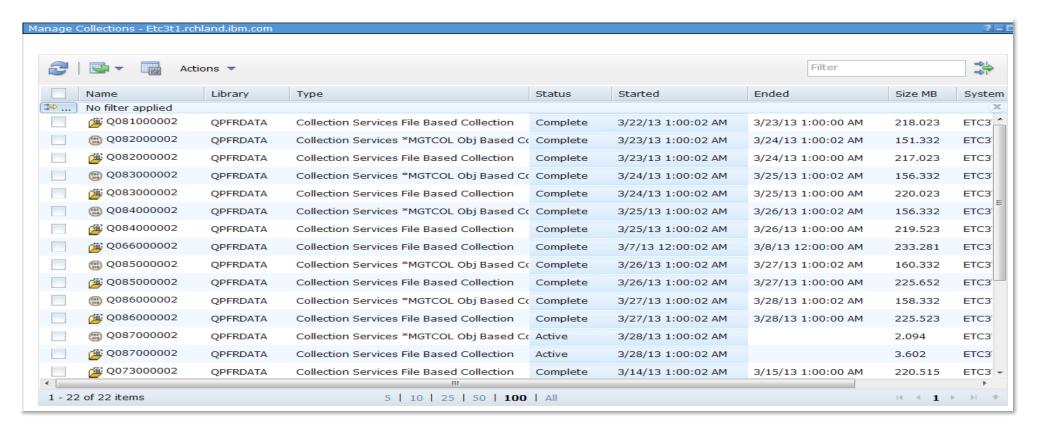


Waits by Job Current User Profile												
Perspective DEdit DView History												
Search fo	or: Conditi	_	Direction Down ▼									
Find	Match	case 🗌										
	© □ ₩ ₽ P Select Action ▼											
Select	Current User ^	Dispatched CPU Active Time ^ (Seconds)	Dispatched CPU Waiting Time ^ (Seconds)	Dispatched CPU Transferred Time ^ (Seconds)	Dispatched CPU Time (Seconds)							
	QEJBSVR	343.26	297.91	0	641.17							
	WEAVE	312.5	239.11	0	551.61							
	QSYS	48.97	41.96	0	90.94							
	QLWISVR	41.47	45.95	0	87.42							
	QBRMS	32.67	25.78	0	58.45							
	QSECOFR	23.31	21.57	0	44.88							
	QPM400	20	15.75	0	35.75							
	QTCP	8.47	7.8	0	16.27							
	HOSTPUB	3.37	3.64	0	7.02							
	QTMHHTTP	1.66	2.52	0	4.17							
	QWEBADMIN	1.52	2.26	0	3.78							
	QYPSJSVR	1.47	2.21	0	3.68							
	QDIRSRV	0.86	1.17	0	2.03							
	QIJS	0.55	0.43	0	0.98							
	QUSER	0.43	0.35	0	0.77							
	DRLEWIS	0.21	0.16	0	0.37							
	QSVMSS	0.15	0.13	0	0.28							
	GIBBONS	0.05	0.04	0	0.09							
	STACYB	0.04	0.03	0	0.08							

New Table Support

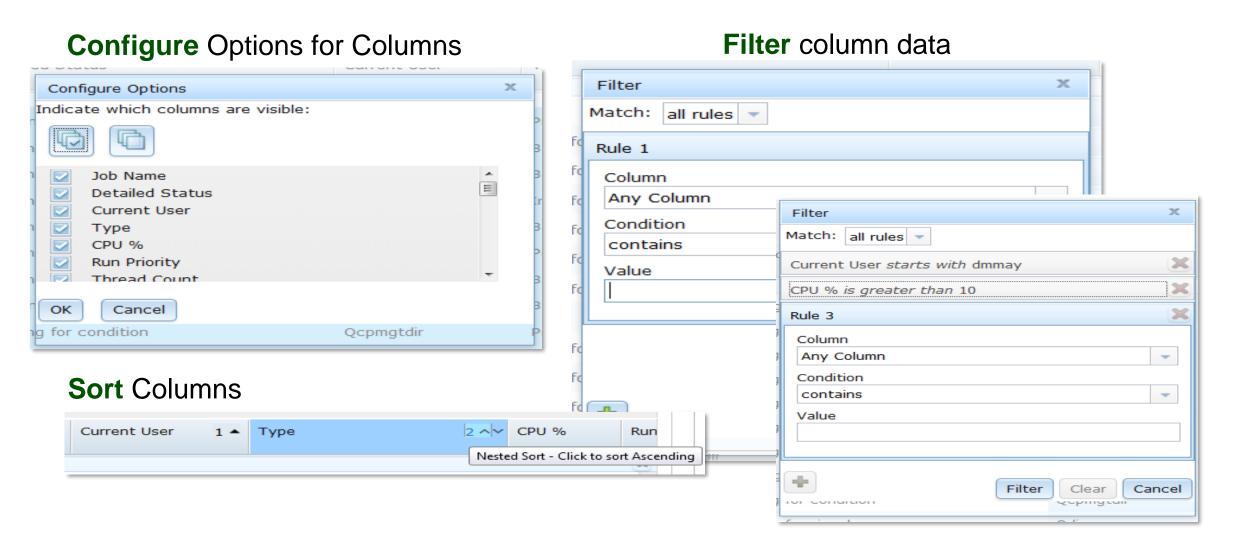


- Improved table support (7.2 and PTF'ed back to 6.1)
 - Collection manager and PDI Reports use the new table support
 - "Show as table" still uses the old table support









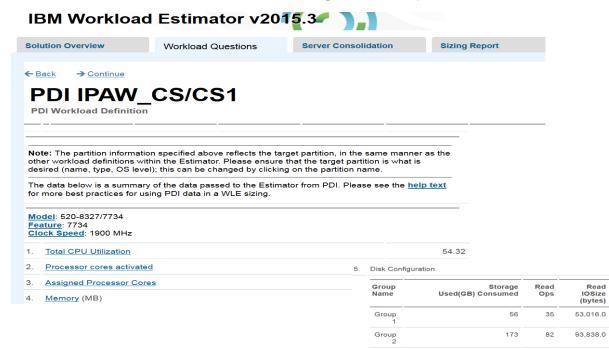


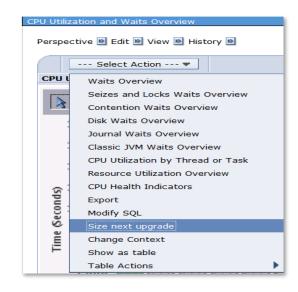


Takes the measured data from Collection Services and inputs it directly to the IBM Workload Estimator (WLE)

← Back → Continue

Intended for a one-time sizing activity





Disk unit

type

4326

4327

61,874.0

Write

Ops

17

Write

IOSize

(bytes)

10,424.0

19,697.0

17,333.0

Attachment

POWER6 Cached DAS

POWER6 Cached DAS

POWER6 Cached DAS

Protection

RAID-5

RAID-5

15,000 RPM

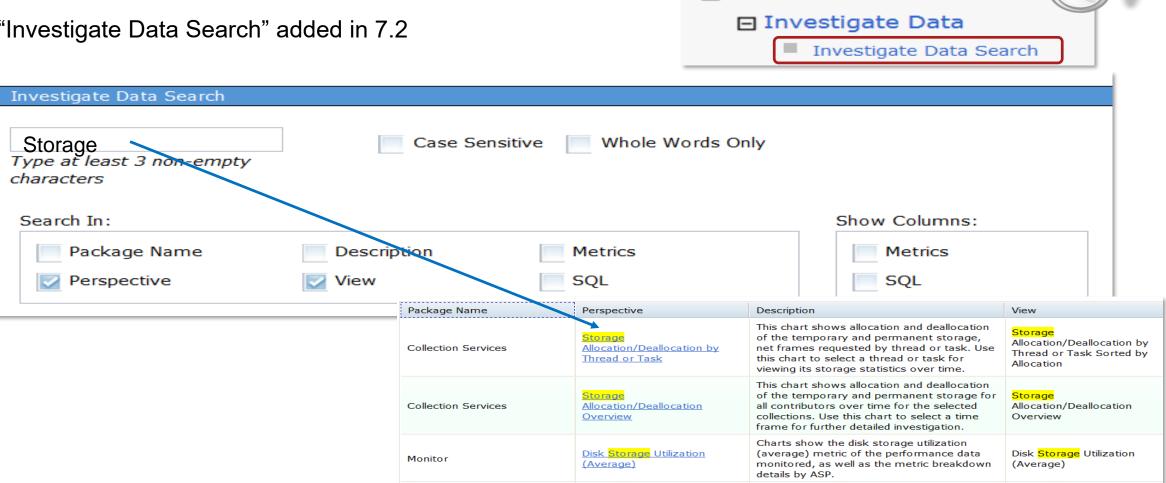
15 000 RPM

15 000 RPM





"Investigate Data Search" added in 7.2

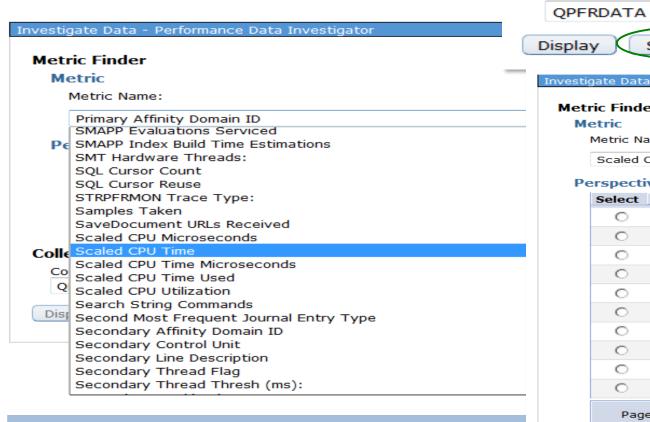


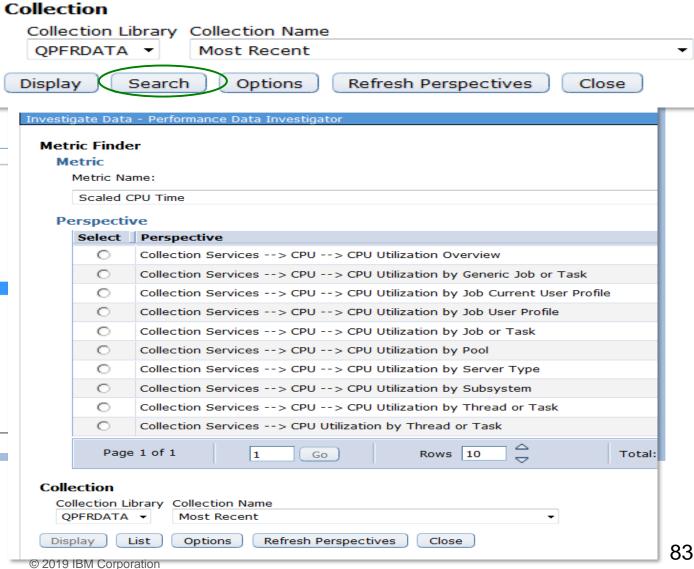
□ Performance

82

Metric Finder

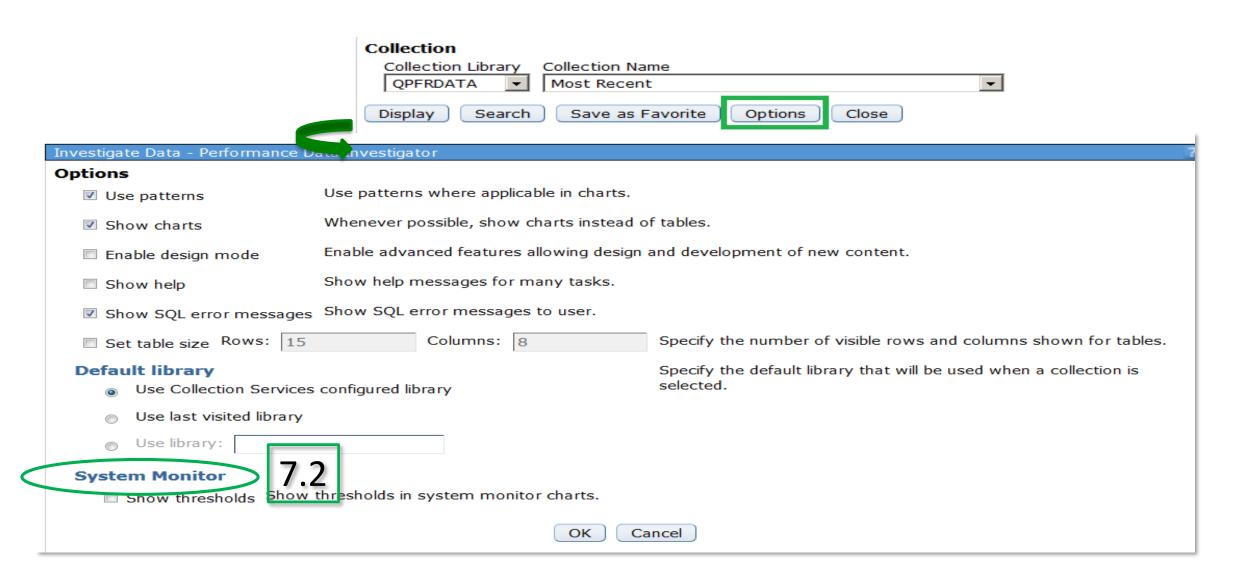






Options





84





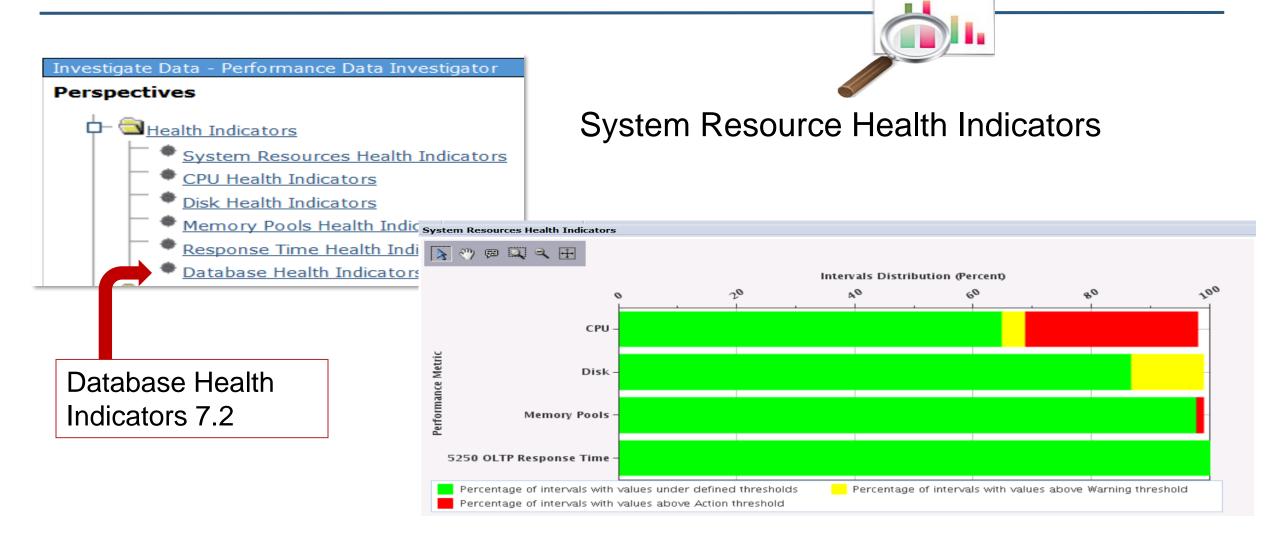
Once you "Enable Design Mode" - additional options become available to create and edit your own charts and tables.



http://ibmsystemsmag.blogs.com/i_can/2011/08/customizing-a-perspective-in-pdi.html

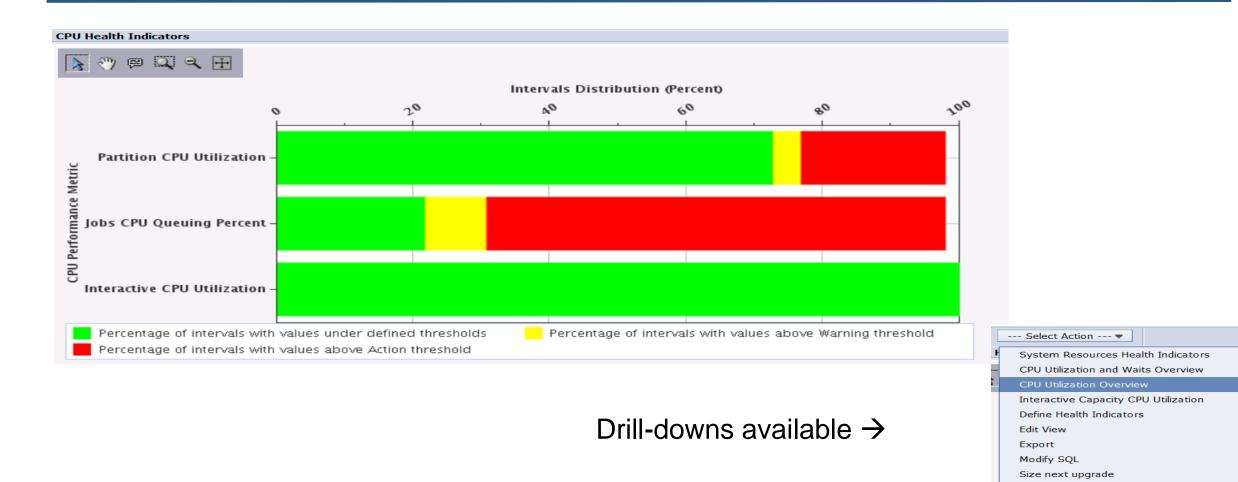
Health Indicators





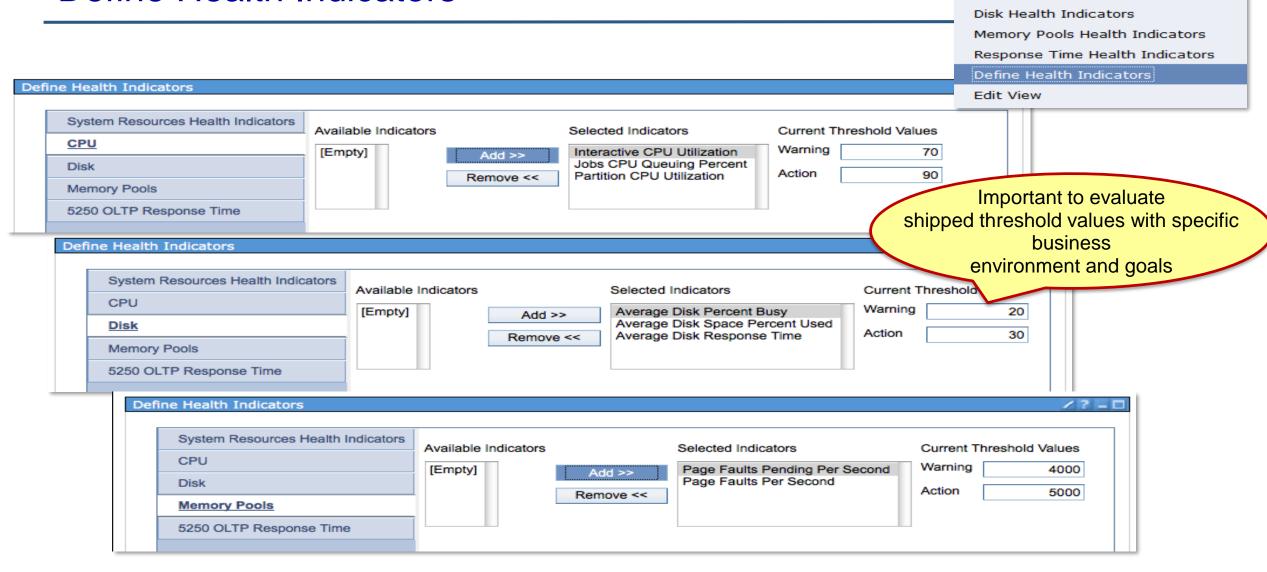
CPU Health Indicators





Change Context Show as table Table Actions

Define Health Indicators



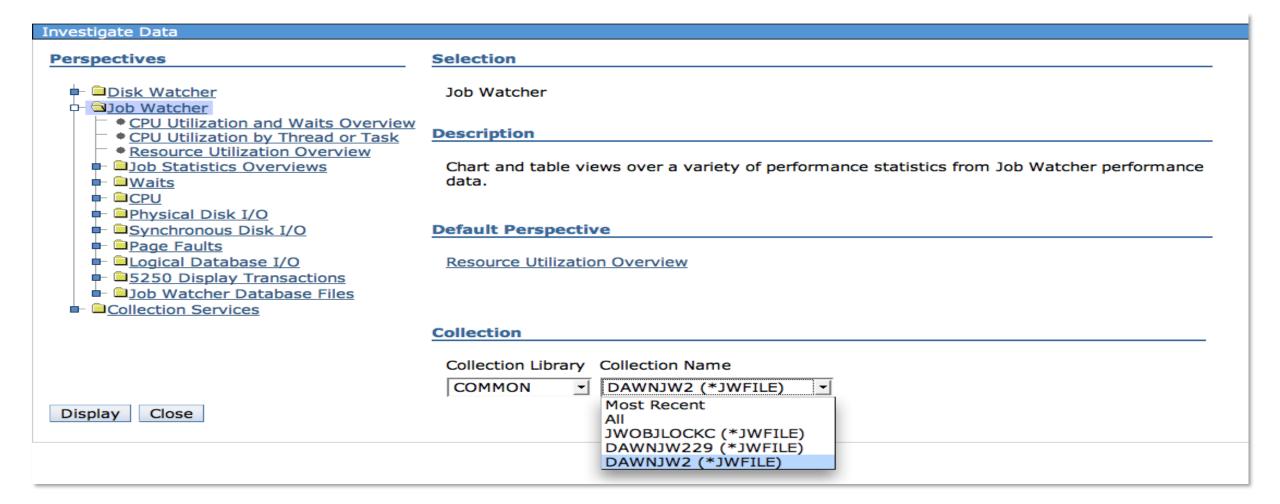
88

JEIEUL AUGUII

CPU Health Indicators

Job Watcher

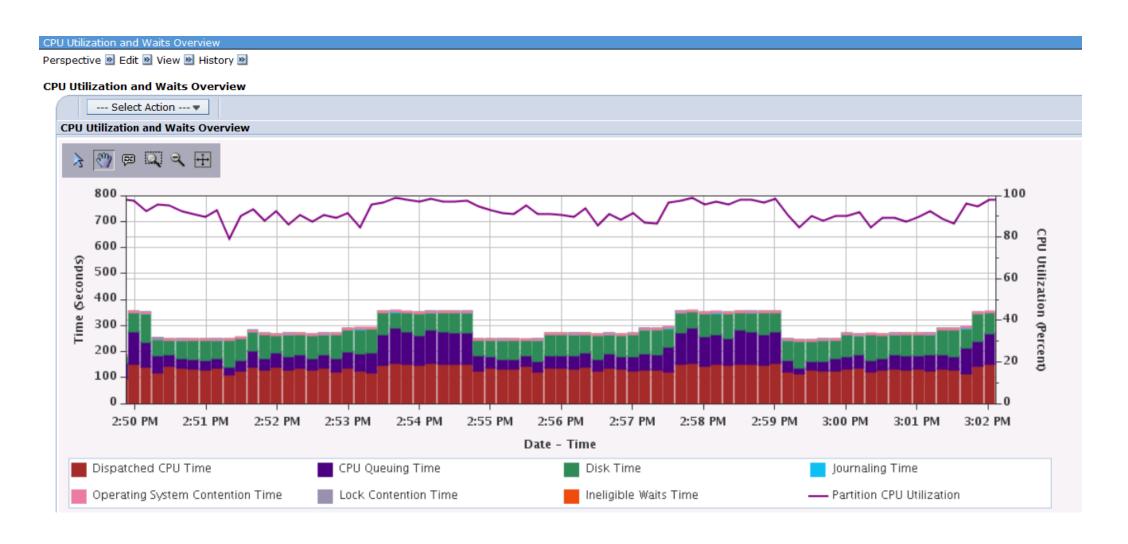




89



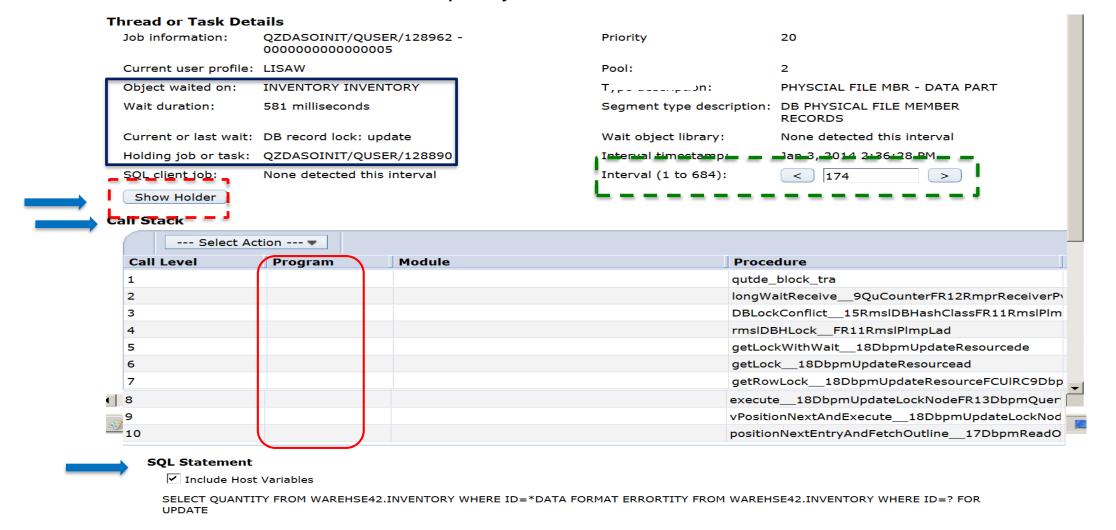
Job Watcher - CPU Utilization and Waits Overview





Job Watcher - Interval Details

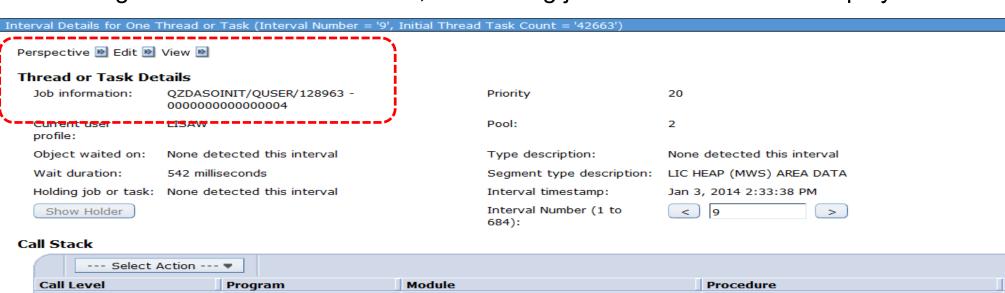
- Object level information, holder information, call stacks, sql statement (if applicable)
- Can move to the next interval or specify an interval number





Job Watcher - Show Holder

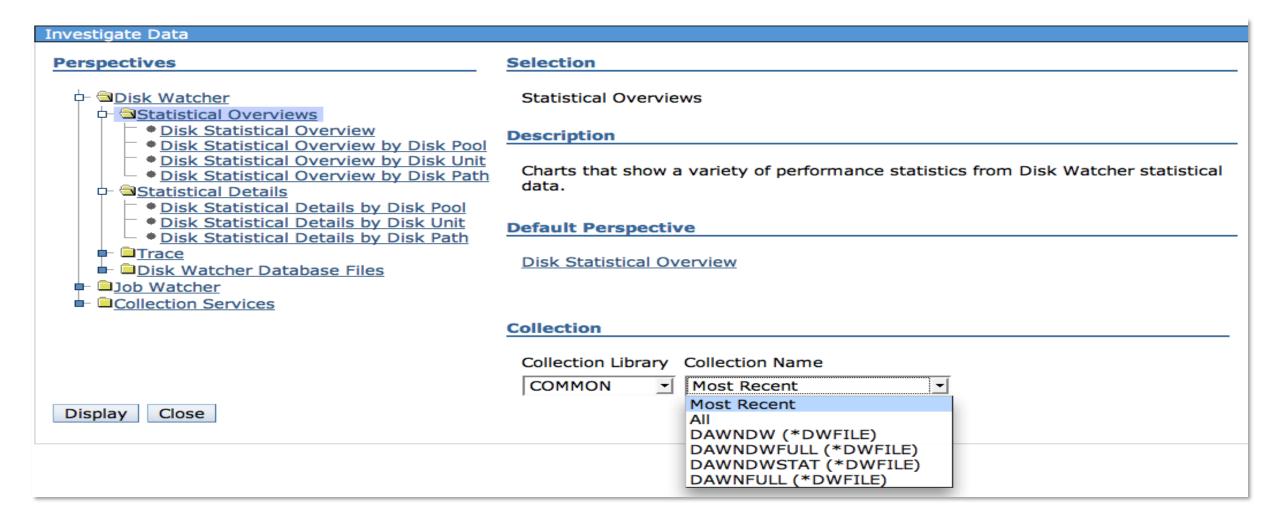
When clicking the "Show Holder" button, the holding job or task info will be displayed.



qutde_block_tra longWaitBlock__23QuSingleTaskBlockerCodeFP2 3 sleep__17LoMiThreadSleeperFQ2_4Rmpr18Interr sleep__14LoSleepManagerFiQ2_4Rmpr18Interrup 5 recv__8LoSocketFR15LoSocketManagerPctT3 6 7 recv__FtPcN21P7timeval15LoAddressForm 8 recvHandler__FP16LoSocketRecvDa 9 socket 10 #cfm 11 syscall_A_port 12 QSOSRV1 QSOSYS Total: 20

Disk Watcher

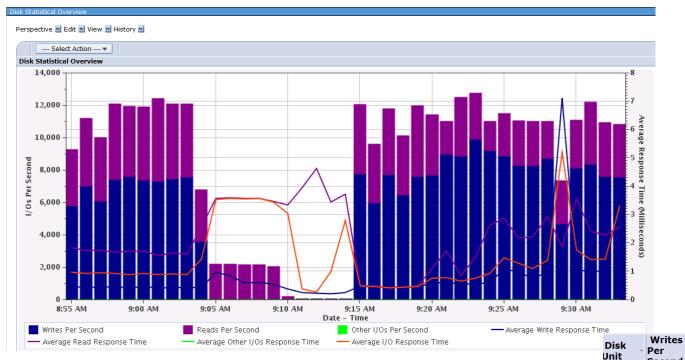




93

Disk Watcher – Statistical Overviews





Disk Statistical Details by Disk Unit →

Disk Unit	Per ^ Second	Total Writes Time (Microseconds)		Response Time (Milliseconds)	Reads Per Second	Total Reads Time (Microseconds)	Total Reads
20	80.56	175950662	185018	0.95	49.71	282724690	11415
17	89.22	191215563	204939	0.93	40.68	264619450	9343
13	81.02	179679328	186452	0.96	48.84	274793662	11239
19	80.7	167715597	185126	0.91	49.57	284330764	11371
23	82.14	171587291	188592	0.91	49.25	282287097	11308
14	81.32	174688160	186611	0.94	48.63	271365018	11160
18	86.36	183961541	198247	0.93	43.92	263163367	10082
24	77.6	166812672	178266	0.94	53.79	280611909	123569
21	86.23	182932893	198541	0.92	44.63	263267334	10277
15	75.49	169810668	173437	0.98	53.44	264217243	12279
22	83.29	182276882	191257	0.95	47.69	241121731	10950
16	81.63	168328084	186885	0.9	48.91	248662038	11198
5	75.44	169945071	173097	0.98	52.43	232447562	12029:
12	81.86	177664449	187639	0.95	47.6	211450426	10910
6	74.9	161260837	171746	0.94	52.59	221205441	12058

Average Write

Disk Watcher – Trace Data



		ct Action							along with the module and procedure that							
Select	Total J	IOP Name	I/O Type	Pool Number	Object Name	Object Type	Object Subtype	Modu Name	^	did the I/O on that object.						
	1401057	CMB01	SRd		3 CUSTO00	000B	90	#dbbr	ring							
	564279	CMB01	SRd		2 DAILY000	OC OB	90	Dbpm	DspAcce							
	251838	CMB01	SFt		3 CUSTO00	000B	90	DbDs	Cursor	Total	Page	Faults				
	142494	CMB01	SFt		3 CUSTO00	000B	90	string	HighUse							
	110125	CMB01	SRd		3 DAILY000	OC OB	Page Fau	lts by IOP, Jo	ob, I/O Typ	e, Pool, Object, Module, Pr	ocedure					
	107883	CMB01	SWt		3 Q04079N	0 0B	Perspecti	ve Edit Vie	ew 🛮 History	100						
	107111	CMB01	SWt		3 Q04079N	0 0B		* *	Select A	ction						
	106897	CMB01	SWt		3 Q04079N	0 0B	Colorat	Total	IOP	Qualified Job Name	I/O	Pool	Old No	Obj T	Obia at C	
	106614	CMB01	SWt		3 Q04079N	0 0B	<u>c</u> Select	Page Faults	Name	or Task Name	Type Number	^ Object Name	^ Object Type	^ Object Su		
	106074	CMB01	SWt		3 Q04079N	0 0B	č 🗆	597	8 CMB01	USRJOB002AEDGE	SFt		3 CUSTO00001CUSTO00001	0B	90	
	89348	CMB01	SWt		3 Q04079N	0 0B	<u>c</u>	F02	7 CMP01	045406	CEL		2 CHCTO00001 CHCTO0001	0.0	00	
	89031	CMB01	SWt		3 Q04079N	0 0B	ē	593	7 CMB01	USRJOB001AEDGE 045405	SFt		3 CUSTO00001CUSTO00001	ОВ	90	
	88506	CMB01	SWt		3 Q04079N	0 0B	č 🗆	587	1 CMB01	USRJOB005AEDGE	SFt		3 CUSTO00001CUSTO00001	0B	90	
		CMB01	SWt		3 Q04079N	0 0B	<u>c</u>	F07	O CMBO1	045409	CE+		2 CUCTO00001 CUCTO00001	OB	00	
		CMB01	SWt		3 Q04079N	0 0B	Ē	58/	0 CMB01	USRJOB004AEDGE 045408	SFt		3 CUSTO00001CUSTO00001	ОВ	90	
		CMB01	SWt		3 Q04079N	0 0B	č 🗆	580	0 CMB01	USRJOB003AEDGE	SFt		3 CUSTO00001CUSTO00001	0B	90	
		CMB01	SWt		3 Q04079N	0 0B	C	F 7 F	E CMBO1	045407 USRJOB010BEDGE	SFt		3 CUSTO00001 CUSTO00001	OB	00	
	85401	CMB01	SWt		3 Q04079N	0 0B	ć	5/5	5 CMB01	045414	SFU		3 CUSTO00001CUSTO00001	ОВ	90	
I/O type				569	1 CMB01	USRJOB009BEDGE 045413	SFt		3 CUSTO00001CUSTO00001	0B	90					
SFt = Segment address range fault				562	9 CMB01	USRJOB008BEDGE 045412	SFt		3 CUSTO00001CUSTO00001	0B	90					
			address r					562	3 CMB01	USRJOB007BEDGE 045411	SFt		3 CUSTO00001CUSTO00001	0B	90	

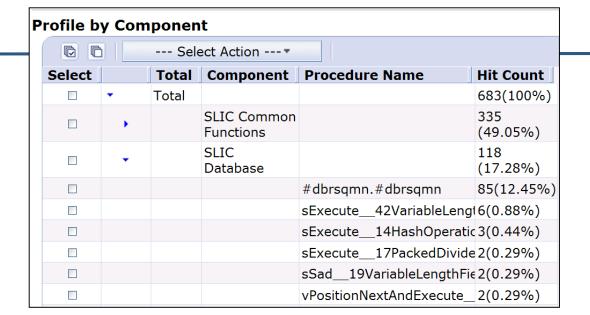
External Object Types:

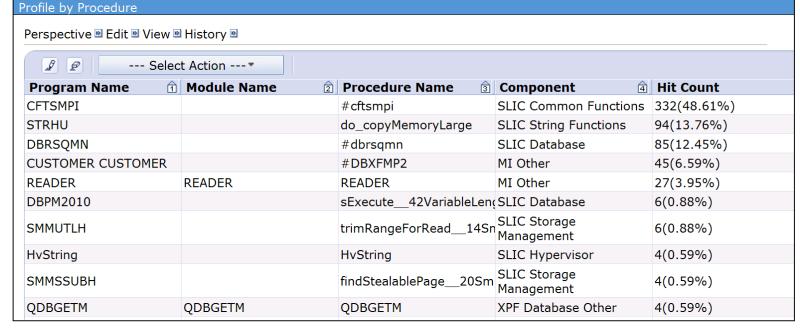
SWt = Segment address range write











Performance Data Reports



"Executive" Reports



- □ Performance
 - Investigate Data
 - Manage Collections
 - □ All Tasks
 - Active Jobs
 - Disk Status
 - Manage Collections
 - Investigate Data
 - Performance Management for Power Systems
 - System Status
 - □ Collections
 - Convert Collection
 - Copy Collection
 - Create Performance Data
 - Delete Collection
 - Restore Collection
 - Save Collection
 - ☐ Reports
 - Performance Data Report Definitions
 - Collectors

- Create a group of printed or online graphs of performance perspectives.
- Generate a PDF or zip file containing the requested graphs for the collection
- Use for weekly reports

Create Performance Data Report

Start here with Reports ->

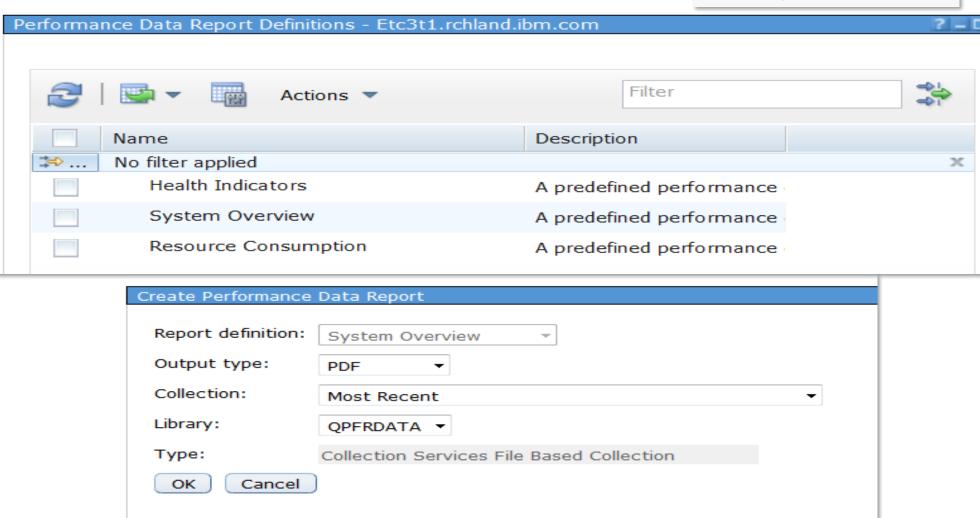
Performance Data Report Definitions

http://www.ibmsystemsmag.com/Blogs/i-Can/Archive/performance-reports-with-the-performance-data-inve/

Report Definitions



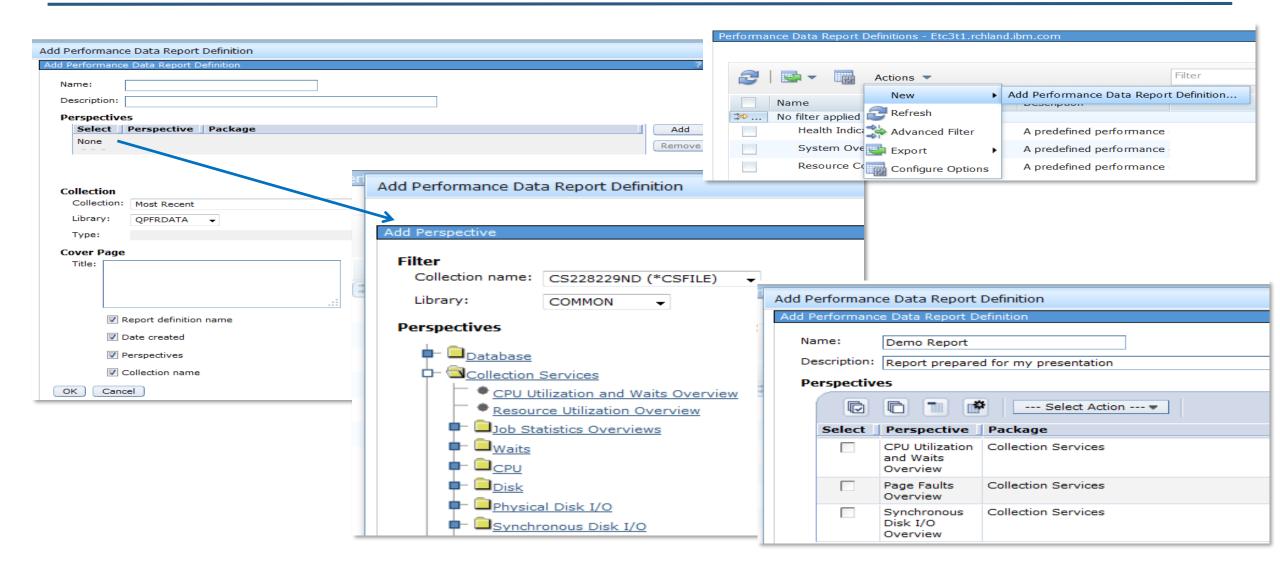




98

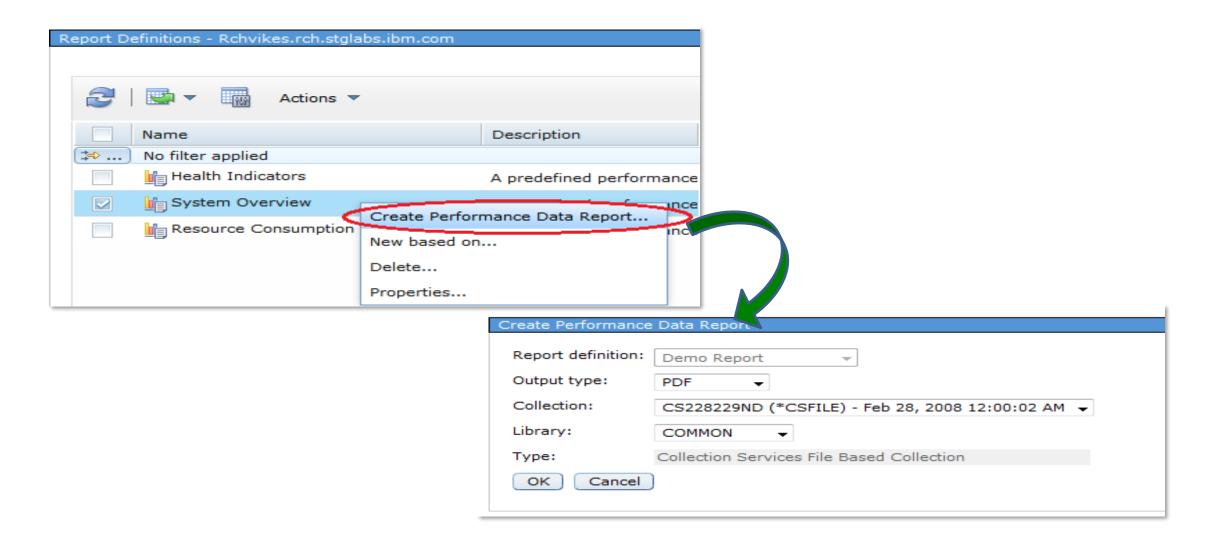












Resulting Report (PDF example)



Feb 28, 2013 10:03:43 AM

Performance data report definition:

Demo Report

Report title:

Example Report based upon COMMON performance collection

Perspectives included in report:

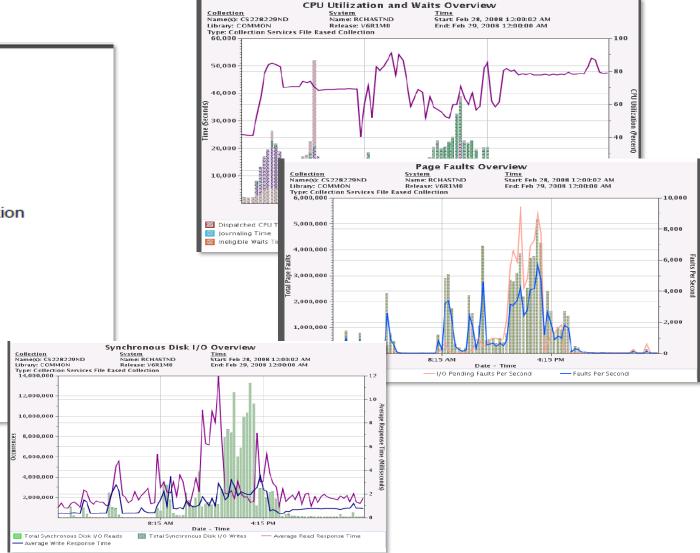
CPU Utilization and Waits Overview

Page Faults Overview

Synchronous Disk I/O Overview

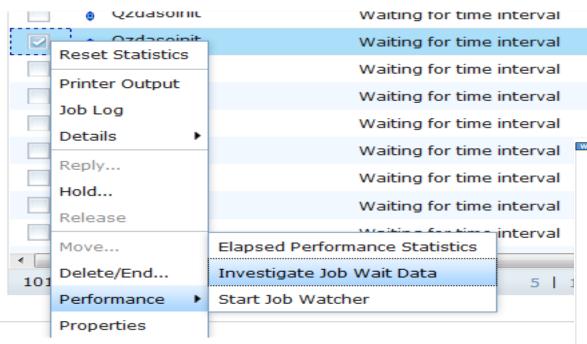
Library/Collection used for report:

Common/Cs228229nd



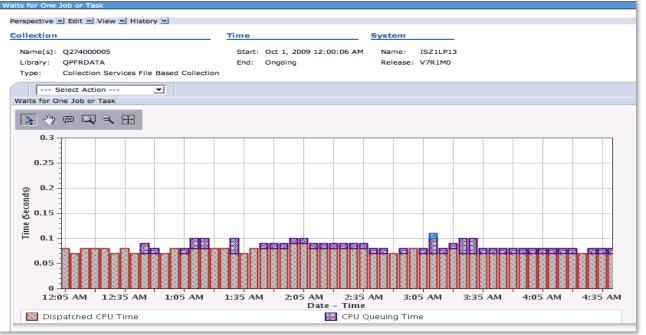
Integration with Active Jobs





Collection Services data → Job wait data – what happened *up to now*

Active jobs – what's happening *right now*



Osecotr

Dmmay

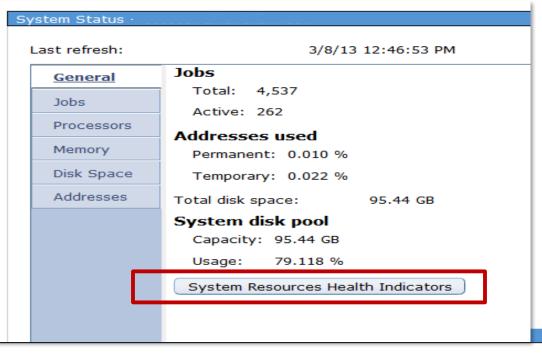
Dmmay

Dmmay

Qwqadmin







Svst

Last refresh:

General

Jobs

Processors

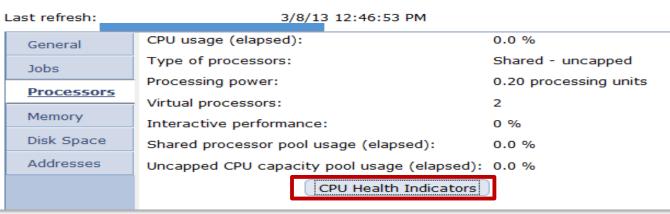
Memory

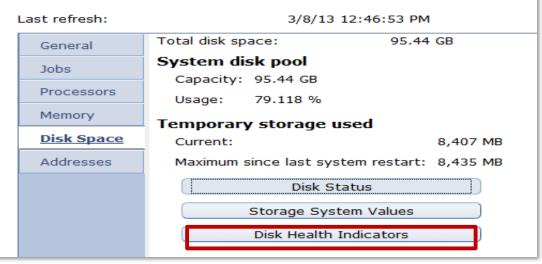
Disk Space

Addresses

Addresses

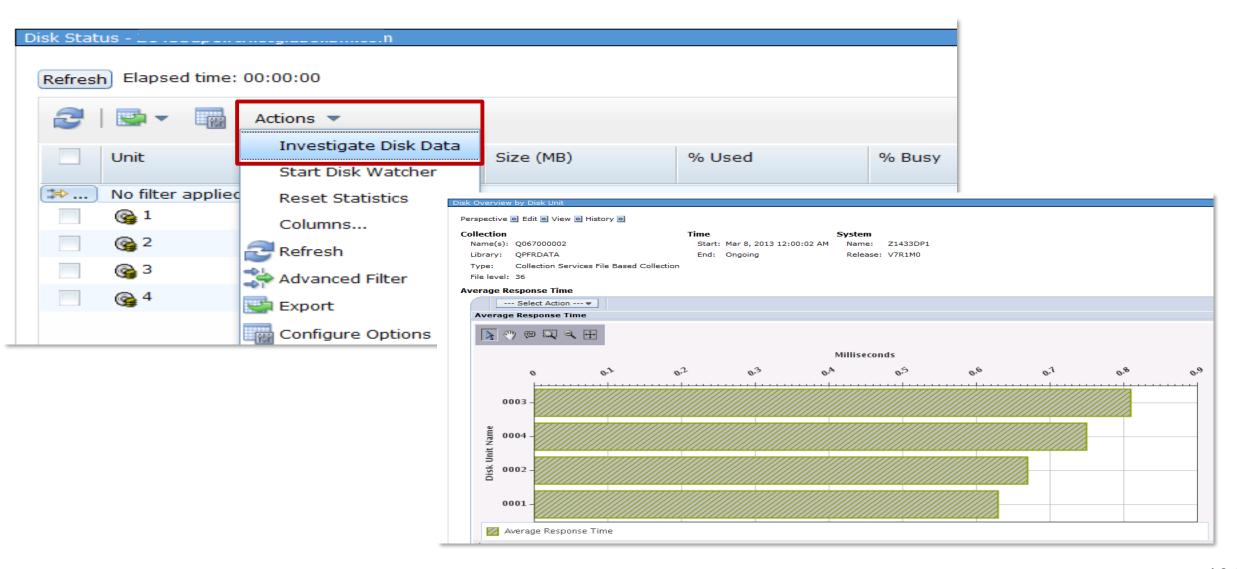
System Status - etc3t1.rchland.ibm.com





Integration with Disk Status







Investigate Data Database

- ✓ Requires 2015 PTF groups, including the database group
- ✓ Must have the Performance Tools LPP Manager feature installed
- ✓ Available on IBM i 6.1 and 7.1 with PTFs
 - Included with IBM i 7.2/7.3

Integration with Database



- Leverage the capabilities of PDI with valuable data gathered from database
- PDI charting of
 - SQL Plan Cache Snapshots
 - SQL Performance Monitor files
- Collection Services collection of job-level SQL metrics
- Visual charts and/or tables in PDI that are focused on database related metrics
- Navigation between database and performance tasks

Database Perspectives



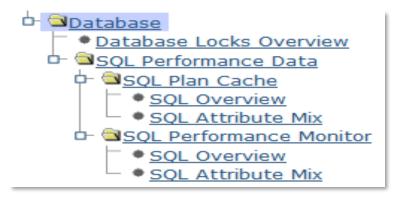


Integration with Database – package overview



Database Package for 6.1

- Database Locks Overview
- SQL Performance Data
 - SQL Plan Cache Snapshots and Event Monitors
 - SQL Performance Monitor



Database Package for 7.1+

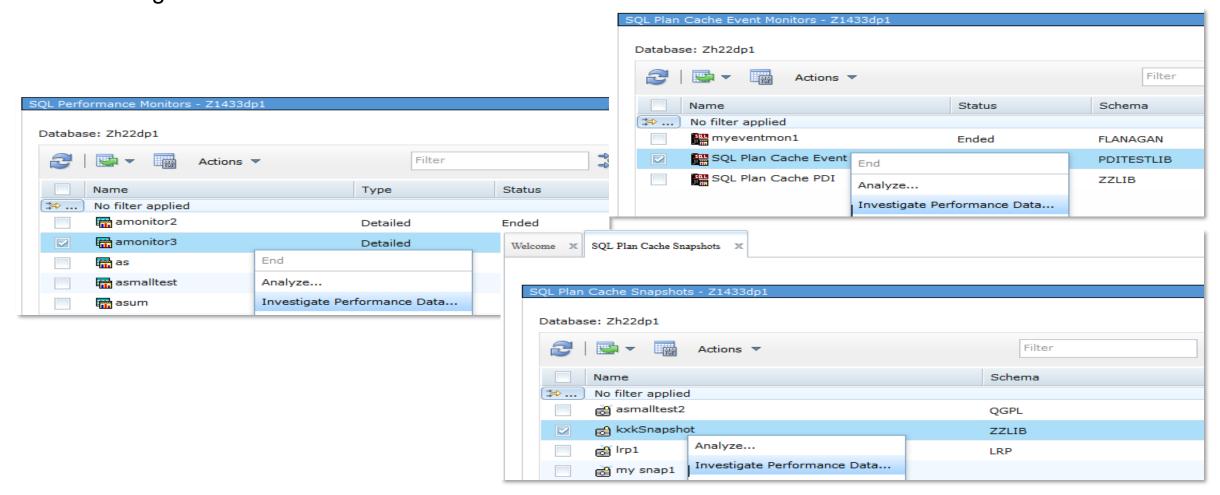
- I/O Reads and Writes
- SQL CPU Utilization Overview
- Database Locks Overview
- Database I/O
 - Utilizes Job Level SQL Metrics
- SQL Cursor and Native DB Opens
- SQL Performance Data



Integration with Database

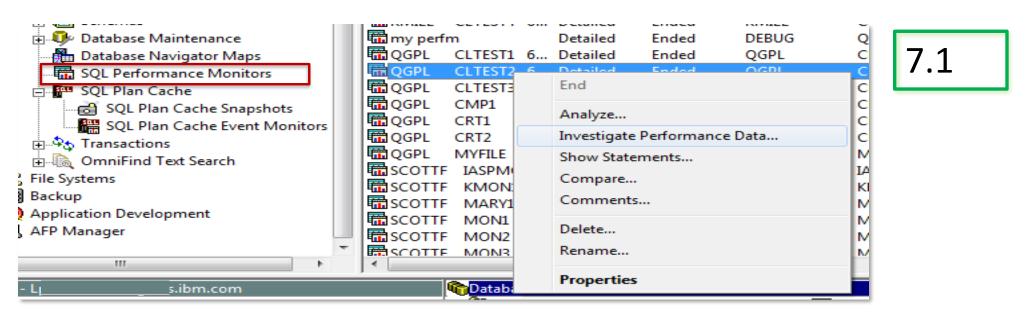


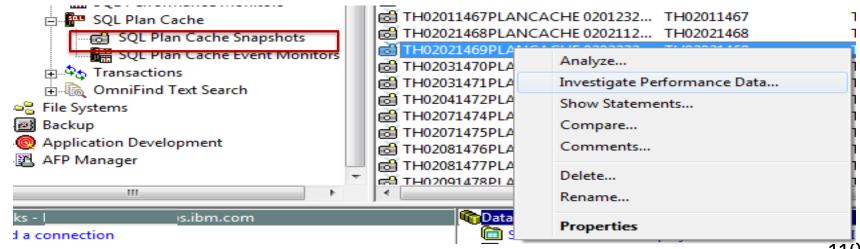
Launch "Investigate Performance Data" from various Database tasks





Launch PDI from System i Navigator client





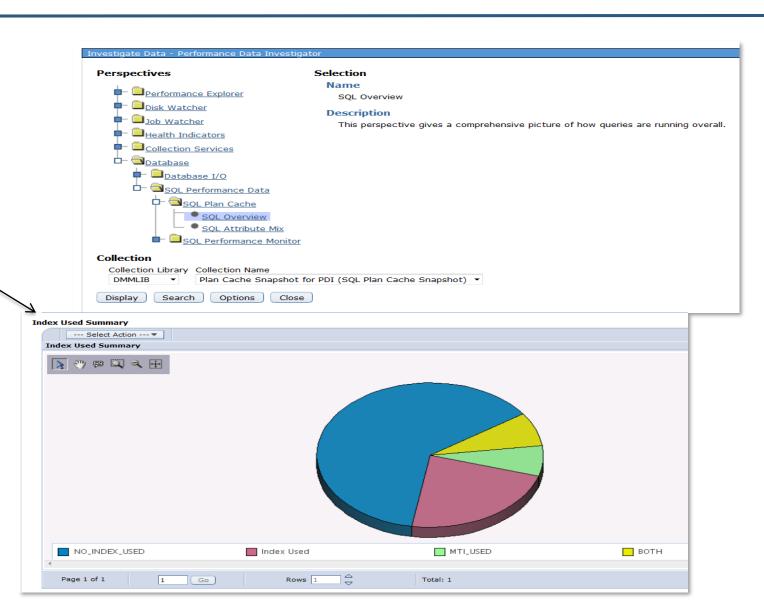
110

SQL Overview



Several graphs:

- Query time summary
- Open summary
- Open type summary
- Statement usage summary
- Index used summary
- Index create summary
- Index advised
- Statistics advised
- MQT use
- Access plan use
- Parallel degree usage

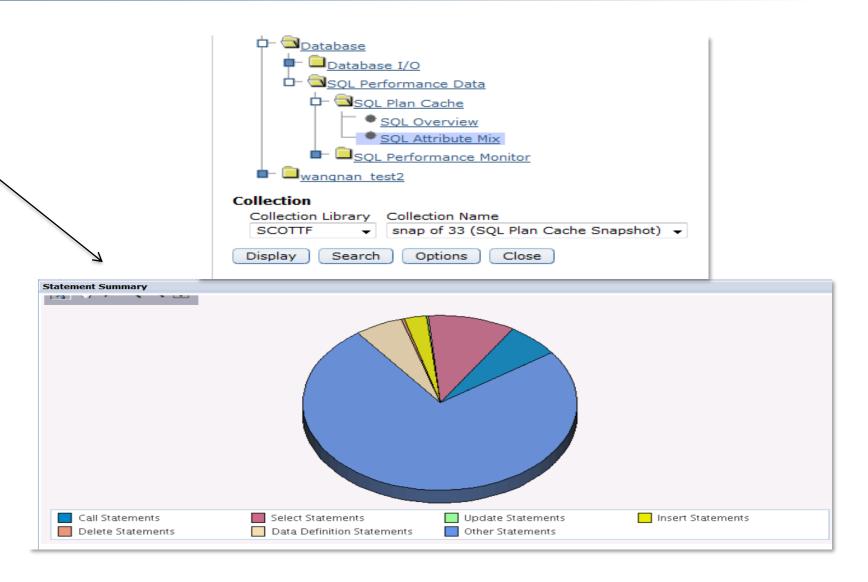


SQL Attribute Mix



Several graphs:

- Statement summary
- Statement type summary
- Isolation level summary
- Allow copy data summary
- Sort sequence summary
- Close cursor summary
- Naming summary
- Optimization goal
- Blocking summary





Investigate Data



PDI Fan Club Favorites



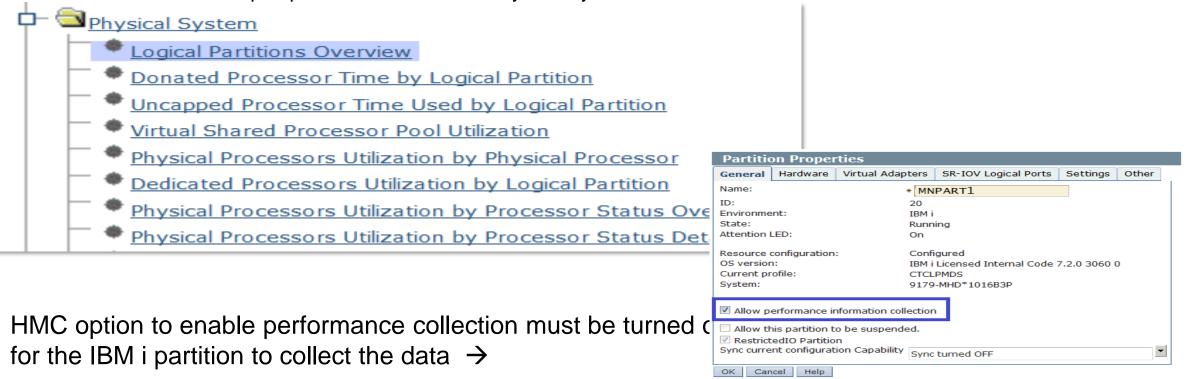
(some not available on 6.1 & 7.1)

© 2019 IBM Corporation



Physical System Charts – Frame view of Performance

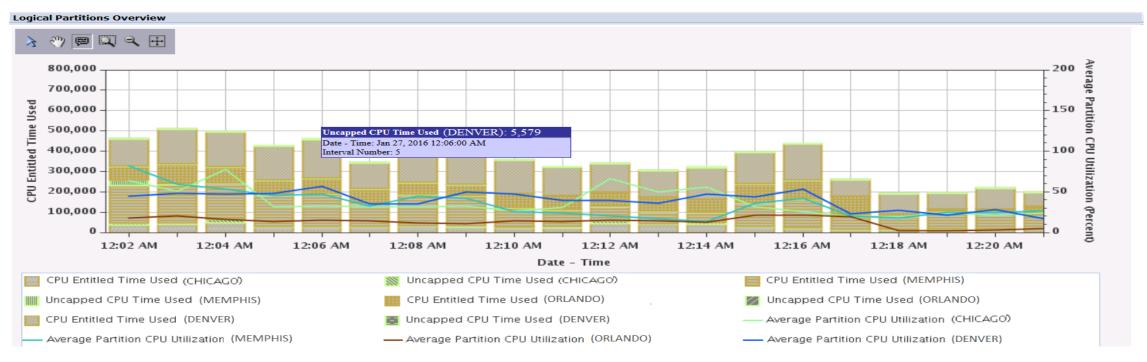
Collection Services has the ability to collect certain high-level cross-partition processor performance metrics for all logical partitions on the same single physical server *regardless of operating system*. This is available on Power 6 and above servers. When this data is available, it can be viewed via several perspectives found under "Physical System".



http://ibmsystemsmag.blogs.com/i_can/2009/10/i-can-display-cpu-utilization-for-all-partitions.html

Logical Partitions Overview





- 4 IBM partitions on system all running IBM i (shared/uncapped)
- On a single chart, we can see:
 - Average CPU utilization for each partition
 - CPU Entitled Time Used
 - Uncapped CPU Time Used
 - Leverage tooltips and Table data

Logical Partition Operating ^ System	Virtual ^ Processors			Average Partition CPU Utilization ^ (Percent)		Uncapped CPU ^	Donated ^ Processor Time ^
i5/OS	2	1	36864	63.4	37431	9440	0
i5/OS	6	4	77824	81.67	185079	24971	0
i5/OS	6	5	55296	17.44	70026	205	0
i5/OS	5	4	116736	44.31	133502	1352	0
i5/OS	2	1	36864	50.45	39497	6295	0
i5/OS	6	4	77824	59.62	188516	7904	0
i5/OS	6	5	55296	20.5	96609	355	0
i5/OS	5	4	116736	47.66	170108	1665	0

12X Bus Utilization



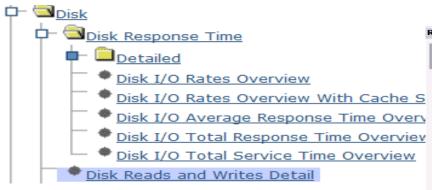
(Spring 2014) PDI now has integrated charts that show views of how resources at the bus level like
 12X loops and PCIe cards are performing





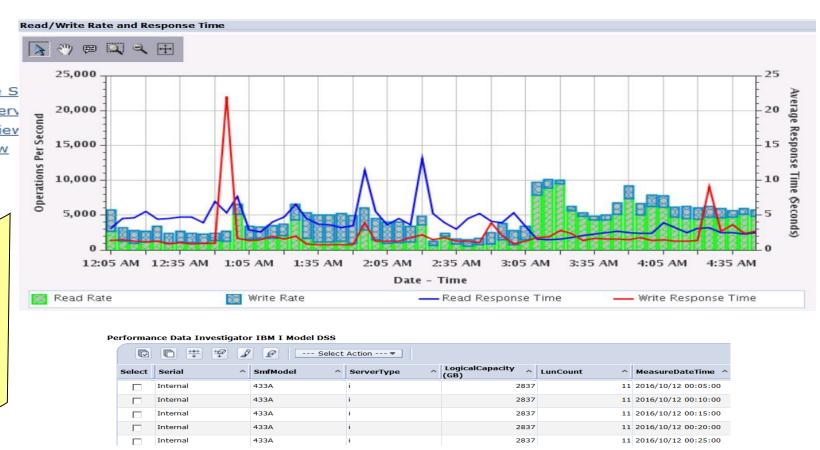
Collection Services - Disk Reads and Writes Detail





One perspective with several key charts, such as:

- Read and Write response times and rates
- Disk hardware information



Installed Disk Hardware

© □ 📆 🕏 Select Action 🔻											
Select	ASP Number ^	Disk Unit Type ^	Feature Code ^	RAID Type ^		ASP Capacity (GB)	Disk Used ^	Average Unit Size ^			
	1	15K SAS HDD	N/A	RAID-5	11	2837.4	54.21	257.9			

117

Collection Services - Java Perspectives



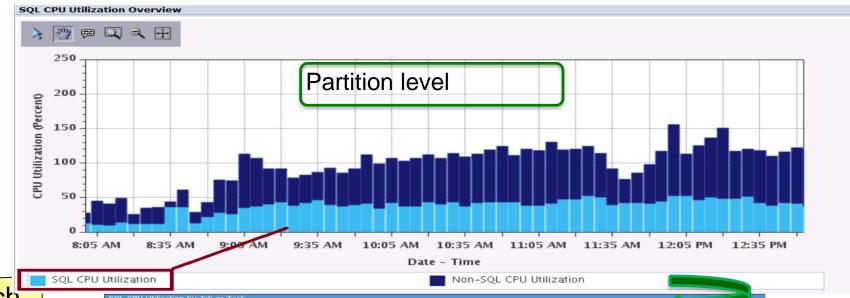


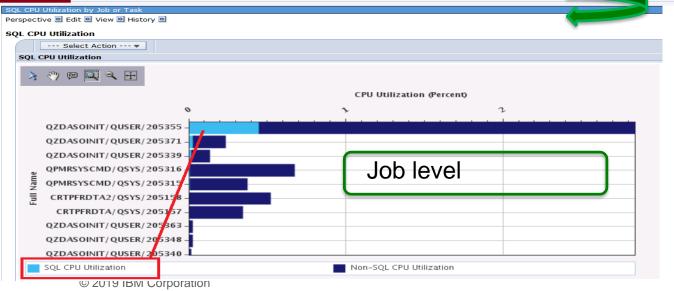
Database - SQL CPU Utilization Overview





Allows you to see how much of your CPU utilization is due to SQL work





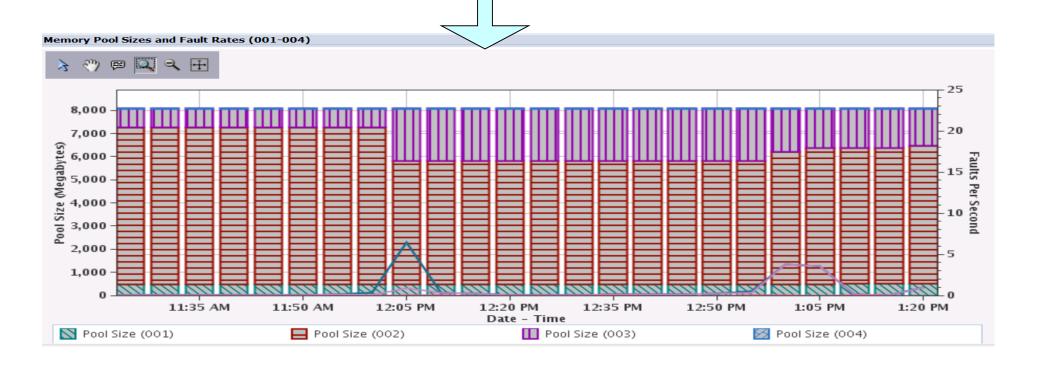
Collection Services - Memory



Pool size changes over time in a graphical view!

Note the change in pool sizes. QPFRADJ is on.

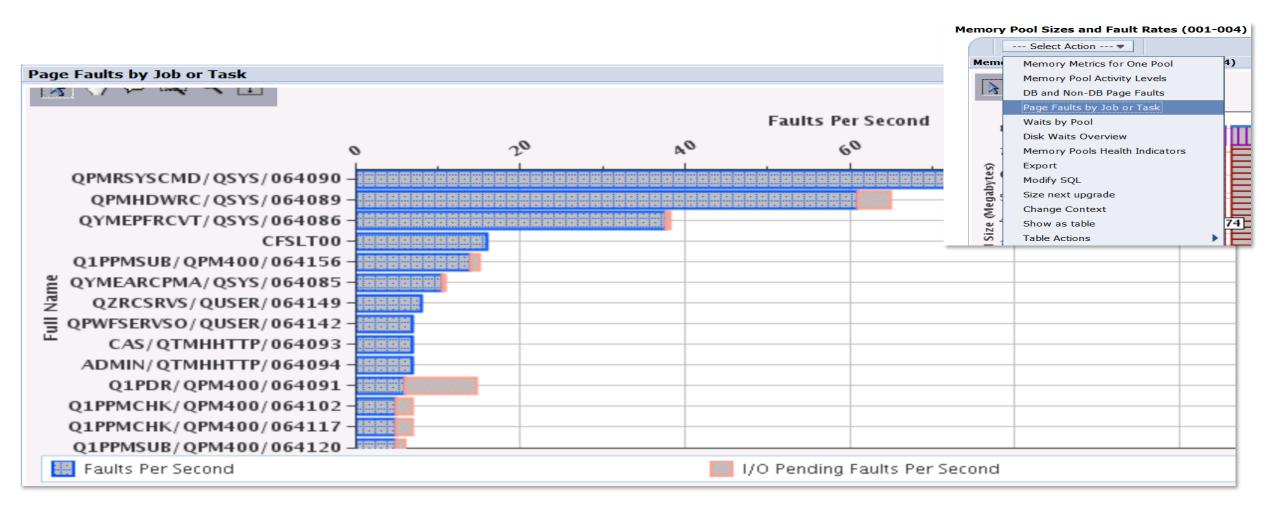




120

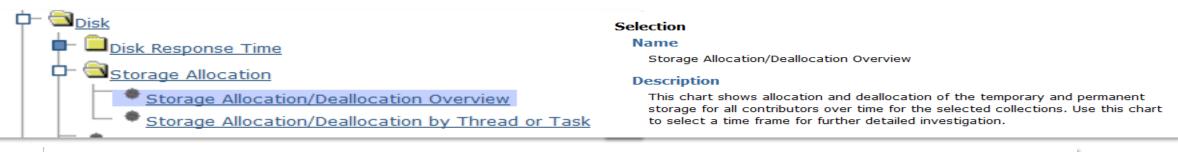
Collection Services - Memory → Drilldown

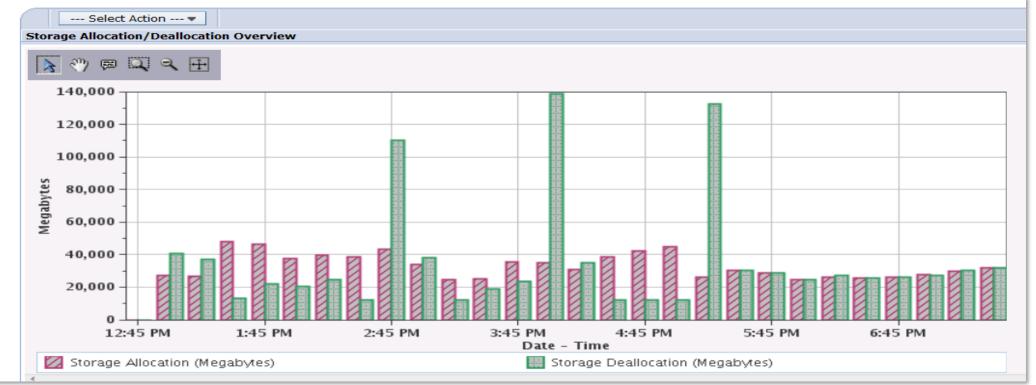






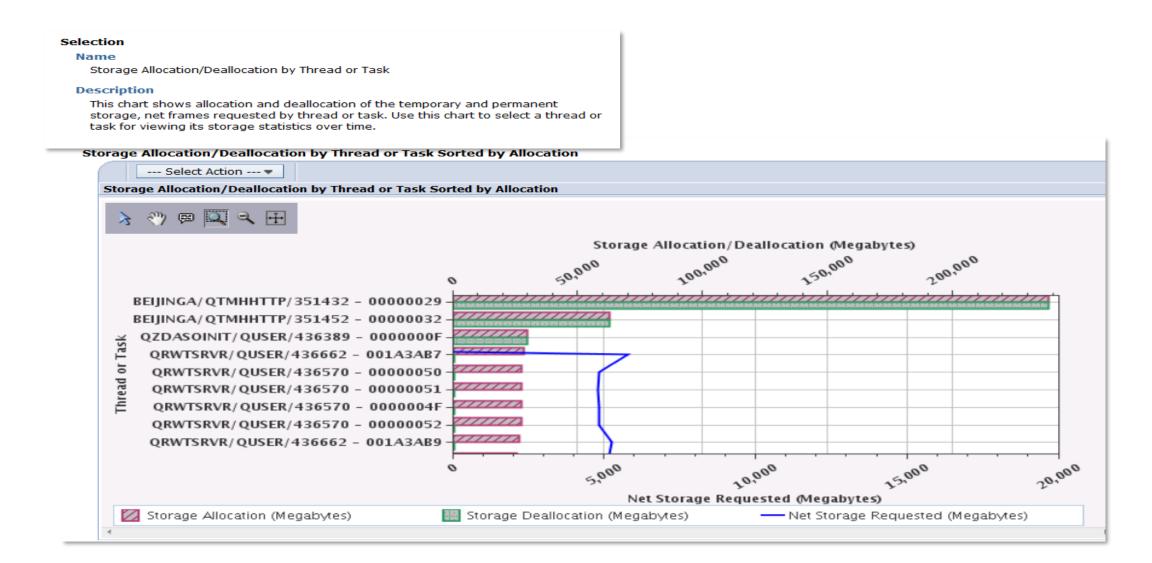












Collection Services - Timeline Perspective



- The timeline bars on the chart represent the elapsed time of threads or tasks
 - Dispatched CPU Time
 - **CPU Queuing Time**
 - Other Waits Time



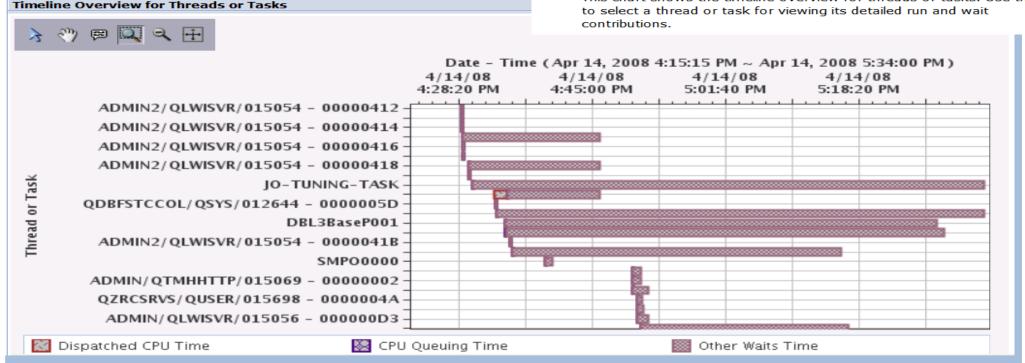
Selection

Name

Timeline Overview for Threads or Tasks

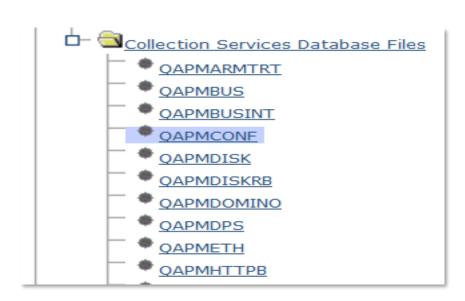
Description

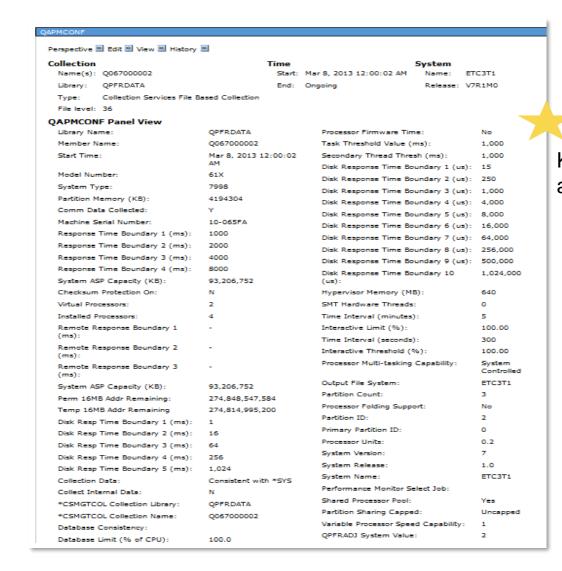
This chart shows the timeline overview for threads or tasks. Use this chart to select a thread or task for viewing its detailed run and wait



Collection Services Database Files...QAPMCONF







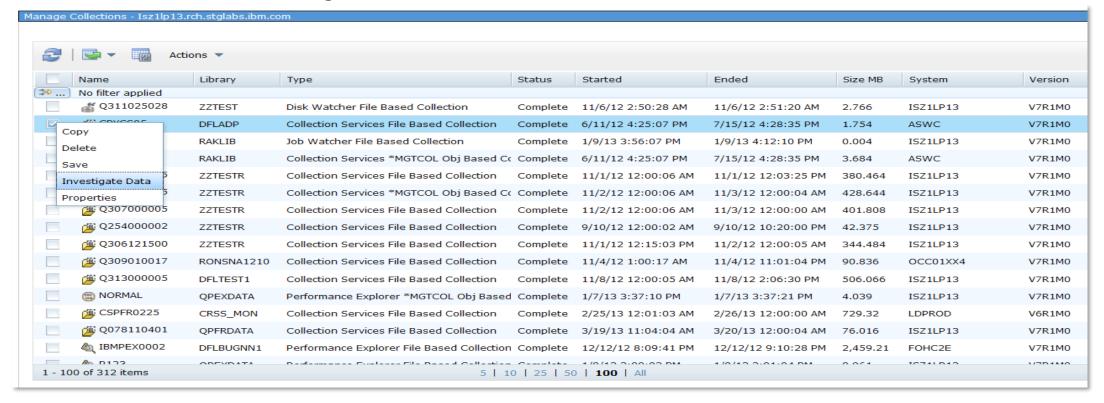
Key Information about your system

Manage Collections





- The Manager Collections tasks allows you to see and manage all of your performance data from one central location
- Various tasks can be launched from the Manage Collections task, including the Performance Data Investigator



126

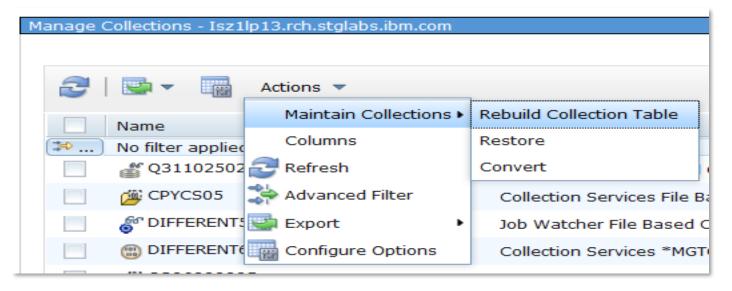
Manage Collections



 If you restore performance data without using the Restore Performance Collection interface (or RSTPFRCOL), collections may not display in the Manage Collections view.



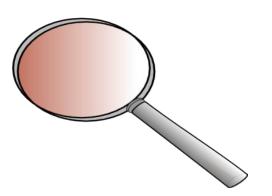
The "Rebuild Collection Table" option will rebuild the meta-data used for the Manage Collections task and then your performance data should be visible.





Performance Data – Analysis

Performance Diagnostics with the Performance Data Investigator



Analyzing Performance Data Using PDI



- Now that you know all that PDI can do....
 - How do you really use it to analyze performance data?
 - There are no specific steps it all depends upon what you see in the performance data
 - If you look at your performance data on a regular basis, you will learn your "normal" pattern which makes it easier to identify something unusual
 - Experience is the best teacher!

Analyzing Performance Data Using PDI



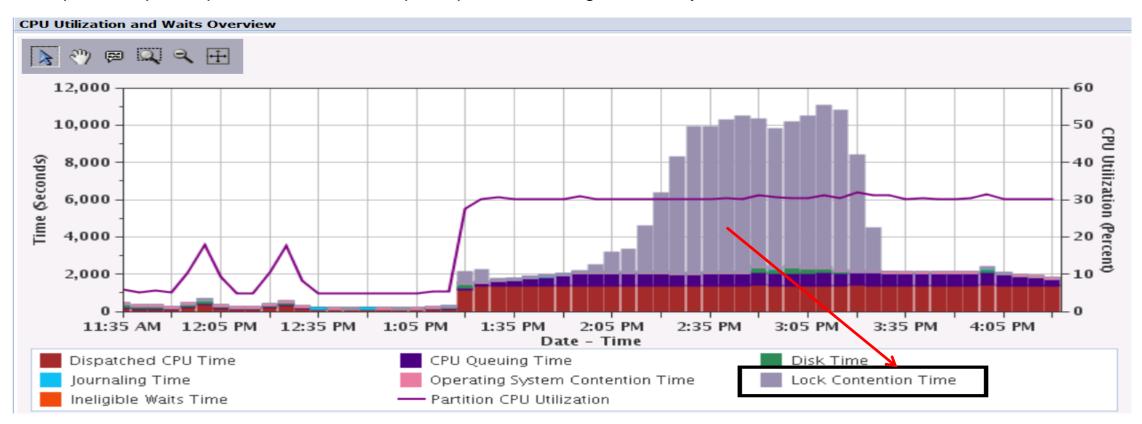
- Start by asking questions:
 - What was the symptom of the problem?
 - Who reported the problem
 - What time did it occur?
 - How long did it last?
 - Have there been any recent changes?
 - New or changed workload?
 - Any application changes?
 - Any recent hardware configuration changes?
 - What was the scope?
 - Did it impact the entire system?
 - Did it impact some subset of work?
 - Specific users?
 - Specific applications?



CPU Utilization and Waits Overview



CPU Utilization and Waits Overview is an excellent starting place. Look for *interesting* points Next steps will depend upon the answer to the prior questions, along with what you see.





Using PDI, you can learn how to navigate through your data

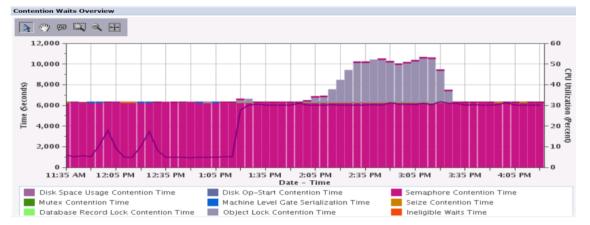
Take a closer look at what type of contention waits are

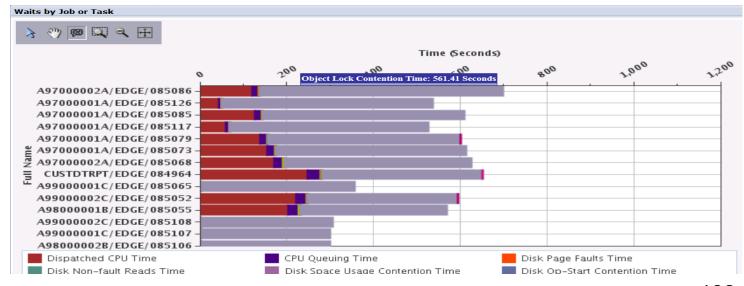
occurring:



Which jobs/threads/tasks are affected by the wait time?







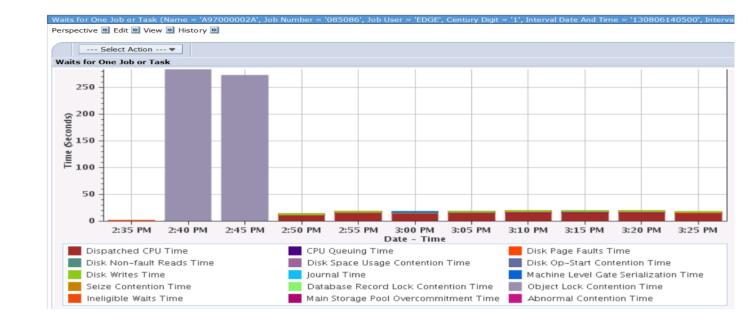
Drill-down based upon what you see



Next, it may be interesting to see if the object lock wait time for a specific job occurred
over several intervals, or just a few. Using select interactor , click on a job of interest,
then select Waits for One Job or Task.



You may not be able to solve all performance problems with Collection Services data. However, you likely will gain valuable clues. Job Watcher is a good next step for this issue.



Recommendations



If you are not using PDI, give it a try!

Remember, all partitions IBM i 6.1 and later can access the majority of the charts shown in this presentation – without installing/purchasing anything additional!!

- Stay current on PTFs
- Become familiar with your system's performance "signature" it will make it easier to spot changes
- Keep baseline performance data





References



IBM i Performance FAQ a MUST read!

• Spring 2019 update:

https://www-01.ibm.com/common/ssi/cgi-bin/ssialias?htmlfid=POW03102USEN

IBM Power Systems Performance



IBM i on Power - Performance FAQ May 6, 2019

IBM i Web Sites with Performance Information



- IBM Knowledge Center:
 - 7.2 Performance
 - 7.3 Performance
- IBM i Performance Management:
 - <u>i Performance Management</u>
- developerWorks:
 - IBM i Performance Tools: <u>developerWorks Performance Tools</u>
 - IBM i Performance Data Investigator: <u>developerWorks PDI</u>
- IBM iDoctor for IBM i: <u>iDoctor</u>
- IBM i Wait Accounting information:
 - Job Waits Whitepaper
 - KnowledgeCenter: The basics of Wait Accounting
 - <u>developerWorks: IBM i Wait Accounting</u>



IBM

End to End **Performance** Management on IBM i



http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/redbooks/pdfs/sg247808.pdf

ibm.com/redbooks



Covers the 7.2 content through Technology Refresh 1

Section 2.8 – Performance

Section 8.6.7 – Job level SQL stats in Collection Services

Draft Document for Review December 10, 2014 2:51 pm

IBM i 7.2 Technical Overview with Technology Refresh Updates



IBM i Performance Analysis Workshop



Learn the science and art of performance analysis, methodology and problem solving

Managing and analyzing the data can be quite complex. During this workshop, the IBM Systems Lab Services IBM i team will share useful techniques for analyzing performance data on key IBM i resources, and will cover strategies for solving performance problems. It will aid in building a future foundation of performance methodology you can apply in your environment.

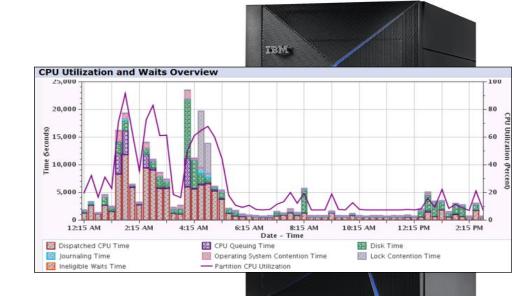
Overview:

- Topics covered include:
 - Key performance analysis concepts
 - Performance tools
 - Performance data collectors (Collection Services, Job Watcher, Disk Watcher, and Performance Explorer)
 - Wait accounting
- Core methodology and analysis of:
 - Locks
 - Memory
 - I/O subsystem
 - CPU
- Concept reinforcement through case studies and lab exercises
- Discussions on theory, problem solving, prevention and best practices

Workshop details:

- Intermediate IBM i skill level
- 3-4 day workshop, public or private (on-site)
 - For general public workshop availability and enrollment:

 Device the second of the second o
 - IBM i Performance Analysis Workshop
 - For additional information, including private workshops, please contact Claude Roustan at claude.roustan@fr.ibm.com Opportunity Manager at Systems Lab Services





IBM i Performance and Optimization Services



The IBM i Performance and Optimization team specializes in resolving a wide variety of performance problems. Our team of experts can help you tune your partition and applications, including:

- Reducing batch processing times
- Resolving SQL query and native IO performance problems
- Tuning RPG, COBOL, C, and Java (including WebSphere Application Server) programs
- Removing bottlenecks, resolving intermittent issues
- Resolving memory leaks, temporary storage growth problems, etc.
- Tuning memory pools, disk subsystems, system values, and LPAR settings for best performance
- Optimizing Solid State Drive (SSD) performance
- Tuning client interfaces such as ODBC, JDBC, .Net and more

Skills transfer and training for performance tools and analysis also available!

Contact Claude Roustan at claude.roustan@fr.ibm.com for more details.

www.ibm.com/systems/services/labservices



And finally....







www.ibm.com/power/i